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The Bombay Chronicle

INSURANCE
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VOL. XX NO. 120 BOMBAY THURSDAY, MAY 19, 1932 PRICE ONE ANNA.

TIDE OF DISORDER BEGINS TO RECEDE

Lesser Toll Of Casualties

GOVERNOR WILL REMAIN IN BOMBAY

The Governor of Bombay should have gone to Poona on Wednesday in the ordinary course, but owing to the serious situation created by riots is remaining in Bombay. Enquiry shows that he will not leave for Poona until the situation is eased.

The Secretaries to the Government of Bombay and their staff, are, however, already in Poona. The Hon. Mr. W.F. Hudson, the Revenue Member, is in Mahableshwar. The Governor has therefore, only the Home Member and the General Member and the Ministers in Bombay. Out of the Ministers, the Hon. Sir Rustom Vakil will go on tour to-day (Thursday).

SPECIAL G. O. C.

The Governor had a busy day on Wednesday and gave interviews to a number of well-known citizens and officials. Sir Patrick Kelly, the Commissioner of Police and Brigadier-General S. I. P. Scobell, who has been specially called from Mhow on Wednesday, had many hours' consultation with the Governor in regard to the situation in the City.

This officer will be placed in command of the military troops now stationed in Bombay to quell the riot.

LIQUOR SHOPS CLOSED IN BOMBAY

The Collector of Excise of Bombay issued the following order:—

The following establishments in the Town and Island of Bombay should be closed immediately and remain closed pending further orders:—

1. All country liquor shops.
2. All toddy shops.
3. All tree foot booths.
4. All foreign liquor "on" shops.
5. All foreign liquor "off" shops, and refreshment bars attached to hotels situated to the North of Carnac Bridge.

DEAD BODIES DISPOSED OF

At Hindu Crematorium

We are requested to publish the following:—

In the Queen's Road Hindu Crematorium, 52 bodies were brought from Tuesday evening to Wednesday afternoon (1 p.m.). Twelve of these were identified by their relatives who cremated them.

Thirty bodies were cremated by the Hindu Relief Committee volunteers.

All these bodies had been removed from the Morgue under police protection.

After 3-30 p.m. on Wednesday 12 more bodies were brought to the above Crematorium. One of these was identified as that of a Bhaiya milkman. It was handed over to his relatives. The other bodies were cremated by the order of the Health Officer.

MR. DESHBANDHU GUPTA JAILED

Congress Procession Echo

NEW DELHI, May 18.

Mr. Deshbandhu Gupta, Municipal Commissioner, was sentenced to-day, to six months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 300 fine, in default, to undergo imprisonment for six months' more. He was placed in "A" class.

He was charged with leading a procession in defiance of Section 144 on April 24, when it was attempted to hold the Congress Session here.—A. P.

CURFEW ORDER TELLS

Hooligans Active By Day

WEDNESDAY'S TOLL OF RIOTS

INJURED:	
J. J. Hospital	*35*
K. E. M. Hospital	*21*
G. T. Hospital	*13*
Congress Free Hospital	*24*
Free Emergency Hospital	*18*
Free Crescent Hospital	*46*
Yamunabai Nair Hospital	*1*
	158
KILLED	*12*
Total	*170*

(DEATHS FROM PREVIOUS DAYS' INJURIES 9)

PREVIOUS CASUALTIES

	Killed	*Injured*
Saturday	*4*	*96*
Sunday	*29*	*346*
Monday	*31*	*400*
Tuesday	*32*	*257*

As a result of the enforcement of strong measures there was a distinct improvement in the situation in Bombay on Wednesday.

This is not to say that the trouble is over or even that there are signs of an immediate and complete end to the disturbances, but the tide of disorder has definitely receded, and if this healthy development continues, we may expect quiet to be restored by the end of the week.

DECREASE IN CASUALTIES

The figures of casualties show a substantial decrease. The total number of cases treated in the hospitals was 158, and the number of deaths 12, as compared with 257 and 32 respectively on Tuesday.

Most of the cases, moreover, were not serious, the patients being discharged after their injuries had been treated.

At the K. E. M. Hospital, out of 21 cases 18 were Musalmans.

There were eight cases of bullet wounds.

FIRING OPENED 9 TIMES

Firing had to be resorted to on nine occasions and at one place, Kalbadevi, twice during the day.

Early in the day a clash between crowds necessitated firing at Lal Baug. There was also firing during the day at Bhendy Bazar, Round Temple, Dadyseth Agiary Lane, Ramwadi, Haines Road and late at night at Khetwadi.

LOOTING STILL ACTIVE

Firing in most of these cases was necessitated by looting, a curious feature being that shops which had been once looted were again attacked.

Kalbadevi proved very recalcitrant in this respect and, as stated, after looters had been dispersed by firing earlier in the day, this drastic method had again to be resorted to in the evening.

ATTACK ON POLICE

There was a serious incident at Haines Road where a mob of Hindus who were stoning a chawl, turned and attacked the police. They were dispersed by fire.

At Bhendy Bazaar five arrests of looters were effected when at 7-30 fire had to be opened on a mob of Musalmans.

IN THE MILL AREA

There was a tense feeling in the mill area, but on the whole the day passed off there without any serious outbreak. Fifty mills were working.

Steps were taken to prevent any inundation of mill hands into the southern area.

STRAY ASSAULTS DIMINISH

There was a distinct diminution in the number of stray assaults and also in their severity.

There were 11 cases of arson, but none of a very serious nature.

There were about 50 arrests during the day, but a big round-up of bad characters was anticipated late in the night.

GENERAL IMPRESSION

Generally speaking there are welcome indications that the storm guage is falling. There was nothing like the gravity, severity and widespread character of disturbances which marked the previous three days.

At night there was peace and stillness everywhere, as on the previous night, but there is a general impression that the vigilance exercised at night is somewhat relaxed during the day.

LIQUOR SHOPS CLOSED

Yesterday, an order was issued closing all liquor shops and bars north of Carnac Bridge, thus the last of the specific measures, recommended in Monday's "Chronicle" has now been brought into operation.

At the same time, the strengthening of the forces employed, which we also strongly urged, has been effective in quelling the disorders.

NEW G. O. C.

Brigadier-General Scobell, who arrived from Mhow on Wednesday, is now in command and had a long interview with the Governor, who intends to remain in Bombay until the situation can be regarded as safe.

The Secretariat has been removed to Poona, but the Home Member and the General Member remain.

A visit to the hospitals reveals the ghastliness of the horrible atrocities committed in the city in the name of religion. The photograph gives an inside view of the Congress Hospital, where some of the wounded and injured have been removed for treatment.

DETAILS OF RIOTING

The hope inspired on account of the lull in communal disturbances on Tuesday night that the city would enjoy peace on the following day was not fulfilled. Inspite of the severe measures adopted by the authorities and police vigilance, Wednesday proved to be another day of rioting, stray assaults on innocent passers-by, looting of shops and arson. But there was, however, a general decrease in all such horrible activities.

The total number of casualties for the day was 158 injured and 12 killed. The majority of cases were injuries of a minor nature, and the number of wounded persons detained in hospitals for treatment was not very large.

POLICE FIRE EIGHT TIMES.

The police had to open fire nine times in the course of the day, and as a result an equal number of persons received gunshot-wounds. The cases of arson numbered 11, and the City Fire Brigade, which had been overtaxed for the last three days, enjoyed comparative rest on Wednesday.

The rounding of rioters and known bad characters also continued but the number of such arrests was not very large during the day.

The fear that the trouble would spread to the Mill area were fortunately falsified, and although there were cases of stray assaults in Dadar, Parel and Lal Baug, their number was not large. On the K. E. M. Hospital which receives patients from this area only 21 wounded persons were admitted.

A PITCHED BATTLE IN MILL AREA

There was only one incident of a pitched battle between Hindus and Muslims in the mill area. It occurred at about 8-30 in the morning at Lall Baug, opposite Dinshaw Petit Mill, and the police had to open fire on the rioters. Fortunately no one was injured, and the rioters took to their heels after the firing.

There was firing twice in Bhendi Bazar once at about 4-30 p.m. and again after three hours. On both occasions it was necessitated on account of attempts by hooligans to loot some shops in the locality.

FIRING AT BHENDI BAZAAR.

In the first firing no body was injured. Three hours later when the hooligans attempted to loot a shop in the vicinity of the Nawab Mosque a police party rushed to the place and ordered the roughs to clear out.

As the latter did not pay heed to the police warning fire had to be opened which resulted in injuries to three persons. The

(Continued on page 3).

FORFEITURE OF GUJRAT SABHA FUNDS

Government Do Not Wish To Enter Into Discussion Of Matter

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, May 19.

The Bombay Government has replied to a letter written by Mr G.V. Mavlankar, President of the Ahmedabad Municipality, regarding the order for forfeiture of Rs. 34,000 belonging to the Gujarat Sabha.

The Government in the course of the reply say: It has carefully considered the matter with the assistance of legal advice and does not wish to enter into further discussion of the matter.

Allahabad Arrests

ALLAHABAD, May 17.

Two Congressmen were arrested late last night, it is understood, under Criminal Law Amendment Act.—A.P.

"Georges Philippar" Tragedy

DANCING DROWNS ALARM BELLS

Heroism Of Stewardess

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 18.

Aden.—How the ship's passengers were in the midst of gaiety and dancing when a woman discovered that the "Georges Philippar" was on fire was described by Madame Valentin, one of the survivors who landed from the British steamer "Mahsud." "I was on the deck watching the lighthouse at Cape Guardaful. Returning to the Cabin at two in the morning I tried to switch on the lights, but the switch collapsed, and wires became hot." "I rushed out, called the steward, warned the Captain and the officer on watch, and returned to the cabin, where I heard wires crackling inside the wall."

Alarm bells were not heard by the passengers on the deck owing to the noise of dancing and the orchestra. The Cabin was soon filled with smoke and the fire spread rapidly. The ship stopped and ventilation ports were plugged, in order to stem the flames, which crept up the cabins companion way, trapping some passengers before they had time for escape."

Other survivors pay tribute to the magnificent heroism displayed by Mademoiselle Berthe Helbout, the stewardess, who rushed all over the liner trying to find parents of the twelve-year girl who was terribly burned. The child died. Later Mademoiselle Berthe refused to leave two badly burned men who were taken on board the "Mahsud" until they reached Aden. She has now been admitted to hospital.—Reuter.

WAZIRALI DOES IT AGAIN

Indians Walk Into Stride Against Oxford

THEY KNOCK UP 262 FOR 2 WICKETS

Day's Honour Shared By Wazirali (126, Not Out) And Naidu (67, Not Out)

LONDON, May 13.

In the match against the Oxford University, the Indians going in first, had made 262 runs for two wickets at the close of the day, Wazir Ali and Naidu remaining not out, with 126 and 67 respectively, while Naomal contributed 36.

The match between the All-India Team and Oxford University began to-day in the fine weather. The wicket was easy.

Wazir Ali and Naomal opened the Indians' first venture. Owen-Smith, the South-African Test player, claimed two wickets before lunch when Indians had scored 145. Naomal was out, leg before, to Owen-Smith, after he had scored 36 and Palia who replaced him was held by Oldfield off the same bowler when his score was 28.

Wazir Ali remained unbeaten with 77.

NAOMAL'S DEFENSIVE GAME.

Naomal who played a defensive innings was out at 87 and following this play was suspended for 15 minutes owing to rain. On Palia's dismissal Wazirali was partnered by Naidu and the pair put on 115 runs between the lunch and tea interval. Playing attractive cricket Wazirali stole many singles while Naidu scored mainly through cuts but was slow.

At the tea interval the total was 260 for 2, Wazir Ali and Naidu being not out with 126 and 65 respectively.

NAIDU'S EARLY LIFE PLAY.

Naidu had a life at 29 and celebrated his escape by some very fast scoring, 117 runs being added in 80 minutes for the third wicket. Wazir Ali has now been batting twenty minutes under three hours and has made 126, while Naidu has contributed 67, total being 262 for two. Rain interfered with play.

SCORES—(AT 2 INDIA FIRST INNINGS).

Wazir Ali (not out)	126
Naomal l.b.w. Owen-Smith	36
Palia c Oldfield, b Owen-Smith	28
Naidu (not out)	67
Extras	5
Total (for 2 wickets)	262

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A 4237

WANTED—Technically TRAINED APPRENTICES for Woollen Carding and Spinning and Worsted Carding, Combing, Drawing, and Spinning and Cloth Designing. Salary Rs. 50 p.m. Apply with testimonials to the INDIAN WOOLLEN MILLS, Bombay No. 11
A 4239

WANTED—THE ANGELS' INSURANCE COMPANY LTD., invites applications for positions of District and City Agents throughout Bombay Presidency. Generous commission and bonus terms. Apply the BRANCH SERETARY, Hashi Building, Churchgate Street, Bombay.
A 4899A

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TO LET from 1st June on Khar, 14th Road, "RUBAIX" House, Ground Floor. 3 big airy rooms with verandah, kitchen and two bath-rooms. Very comfortable and up-to-date, garden all round. For rent enquire on top floor or write Box No. 150, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C

TO LET—GARAGES, small and big available immediately in Gateway Mansions next to Council Hall. Apply BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY LTD., Apollo Pier Road, Bombay.
C 4925

WANTED

WANTED—Suppliers of Cigarettes manufacturing materials, air-tight, tins tinprinting, labels, celetin paper, etc. Please communicate with Bhuwalka, Sole Agent RAMESHWAR TOBACCO CO., LTD., 132/1, Harisson Road, Calcutta.
A R7232

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B 4868

Public Notices

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NOTICE.

AS USUAL the MATRICULATION SUPPLEMENT, containing names and numbers of successful candidates will be published on the 31st instant at 1 anna per copy.

Agents are requested to book their orders immediately.

10 per cent unsold copies are accepted.

25 per cent commission is allowed on sale proceeds.

SORAB P. KAPADIA,
Manager,
The "Bombay Chronicle."

THE DAVID MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, E. D. Sassoon Building Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 19th May, 1932, at 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business.

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts up to 31st December, 1931.
2. To appoint two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
4. To transact such other business as may be put before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 12th May, 1932 to THURSDAY, the 19th May, 1932, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
E. D. SASSOON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.
Bombay, 25th April, 1932.
4385

WANTED

GENERAL MANAGER for THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED, Lahore carrying a salary of Rs. 750—1200 p.m. according to qualifications. All applications with testimonials should reach the undersigned by the 6th June, 1932.

MULK RAJ BHALLA,
Managing Director.
4235

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of LAXMIBAI, widow of Hansraj Dwarkadas, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant at the time of her death residing at Nasik. ..... Deceased.

DAMODAR BHIMJI, of Cutch Mandvi Hindu Inhabitant, Merchant, residing at Cutch Mandvi, temporarily residing at Walkeshwar Road, Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Twelfth day of May in the year of our Lord One Thousand-nine-hundred and Thirty Two and in the Twenty Third Year of Our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATELL
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) H. A. VAKIL

The 12th day of May, 1932
Messrs. BHIMJI & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
4241

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

O. P. No. 111 of 1931.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913

and

IN THE MATTER OF THE UNIVERSAL MUTUAL AID AND POOR HOUSES ASSOCIATION LIMITED (In Liquidation), MADRAS.

The creditors of the abovenamed company are required on or before the 30th day of July 1932, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their Attorneys or Vakils (if any) to the Joint Official Liquidators of the Company at No. 118, Armenian Street, Madras, and if so required by notice in writing from the Official Liquidators or in person or by their Attorneys or Vakils to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved'.

Dated this 15th day of May 1932.

S. PARTHSARATHY.
T. V. RAMANATHAN.
C. V. NAGARAJA SASTRI.
'Joint Official Liquidators'
4238

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KULSUMBAI, daughter of Nurbhai Nathubhai Motiwalla has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim or claims or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, residence, use, maintenance, charge or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 31, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim or claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Freehold land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Sankli Street, without the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 459-7-9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded, on or towards the North by the Public Road, on or towards the South by the property of Kurban Husein Jiwaji Madraswalla, on or towards the East by the property of Fatmabai, widow of Munshi Mahomedalli Tungekar and on or towards the West by the public passage and which said premises are registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue along with other land under Old Nos. 29, 95, 96, 49, 172, 281 and 191 and New Survey Nos. 1-2/3549, 1B/3587, 3F & 4C/3550, and 3589 and Cadastral Survey No. 2/1787 of the Byculla Division and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 395 and Street No. 102.

Dated this 18th day of May, 1932.
RATILAL P. JANI,
For Messrs. Motichand & Devidas, Purchaser's Attorneys.
4243

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Katori ,,	10600	.....	14 June
Kashima Maru	10000	.....	@28 June
*Tottori Maru	5973	17 June	30 June
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Bandai ,,	8th ,,	26th ,,
Celebes ,,	24th ,,	8th June
Shunko ,,	8th June	18th ,,
Hague ,,	23rd ,,	8th July

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ARRIVALS.
May 18th.
Jalarashmi, Matches, Calcutta.
Silvercider, Miller, New York.

DEPARTURES.
May 18th.
Karanjia, Barrid, Durban.
May 19th.
Tokiwa Maru, Uchino, Kobe.

LOADING
May 18th.
Steamer Clan Malcolm for Marmagoa.
Steamer Baroda for Busrah.
Steamer Garbeta for Kararhi.
Steamer Gambhira for Calcutta.
Steamer Malwa for London.

S.S. Jalarashmi—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jalarashmi arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta with a general cargo.

S.S. Silvercider—The Volkart Bros' steamer Silvercider arrived in harbour yesterday from New York with a general cargo.

S.S. Tokiwa Maru—The N Y K steamer Tokiwa Maru will sail to-day for Kobe with a general cargo and passengers.

AFRICAN MAIL REPORT.

S.S. Karanja—The B I S N Coy's mail steamer Karanja, sailed yesterday for Durban, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

Bombay, May 18.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

4 C|o 'Salisbury 4349 Karachi NF K Nixm and Co.
6 Garbeta 3204 Karachi NF M M and Co.
7 Tokiwa Maru 4281, Singapore 18-5, N Y Kaisha.
15 Karanja 4646, E Africa, 18|5 M M & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

2 Borneo Maru, 4264, Japan 24-5 O S Kaisha.
3 Ellora 2567 P Gulf 19-5 M M and Co.
4 Varsova 1957 Busrah 20-5 M M and Co.
5 Tasmania Maru 2523, Kobe, 19-5, O S Kaisha.
8 Gambhira 3196 NF NF M M and Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

A Sophie Marie 560 M'Coast, 19-5 Merchant S N Co.
C|R Laxmi 124 M'Coast NF National S S Co.
D|E Alavi 2157 Jeddah 20-5 T. Morrison & Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON.
Malwa 20-5 P & O S N Co.
Mooltan 27-5 P & O S N Co.
FROM PLYMOUTH.
Gogra 2915, M M & Co.
FROM LIVERPOOL.
Clan Macilworth 24|5, J.F. Co.
Tarantia 2/6 G T Co.
FROM HAMBURG.
Barkenfels 20-5 L Edwards Ltd.
Marienfels 3115, L Edward Ltd
FROM ROTTERDAM.
Bangalore, 20-5 L Edward Ltd.
FROM TRIESTE.
Gange 25-5 L T Co.
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C|o Athens 27|5 F F Campbell & Co.
President Pierce, 20|5, F. F. Campbell and Co.
C|Christehurah 16-6 F F Campbell Co.
President Morne 2-6 F F Campbell Co.
President Van Burn 17|6 F F Campbell Co.
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Alipore 21-4 P & O S N Co.
Ranpura 20-5 P & O S N Co.
Calcutta Maru 20-5 N Y Kaisha.
Iyo Maru 30|5 N Y Kaisha.
Tottori Maru 17|6 N Y Kaisha.
Celebes Maru, 2715 O S Kaisha.
Shunko Maru, 8|6 O S Kaisha.
FROM SYDNEY.
Mongolia 28-5 P & O S N Co.
FROM DURBAN.
Khandalla 21-5 M M & C.
Kenya 4|6 M M & Co.
Karagola 18|6 M M & Co.

SAILING DATES OF STEAMERS

FOR LONDON.
Ranpura 21-5 P & O S N Co.
Malwa 28-5 P and O S N Co.
Mongolia 28-5, P & O S N Co.
FOR KOBE.
Tasmania Maru; 15-5, O S Kaisha.
Borneo Maru 24-5 O S Kaisha
FOR BUSRAH.
Baroda, NF M M and Co.
Varsova, 20-5 M M & Co.
FOR JEDDAH.
Alavi, N F, S N Co.
FOR RANGOON
Hatarana N F, M M and Co.
Nerbudda, NF, M M & Co.
FOR COLOMBO.
Jaladuta, 7|5, S. S. N. Co.
FOR CALCUTTA.
Gambhira NF M M and Co.
FOR KARACHI.
Garbeta NF M M and Co.

STEAMERS FIXED

FOR LONDON.
Ranpura, P & O S N Co.
Malwa P and O S N Co.
FOR CHINA & JAPAN PORTS.
Tasmania Maru, O. S. Kaisha
Borneo Maru O S Kaisha.
FOR BUSRAH.
Baroda, M M & Co.
Varsova, M M & Co.
FOR RANGOON
Hatarana, M M and Co.
Nerbudda, M M & Co.
FOR JEDDAH.
Alavi, T M & Co.
FOR CALCUTTA.
Gambhira M M and Co.
FOR COLOMBO.
Jaladuta, S.S.N. Co.
FOR KARACHI.
Garbeta M M and Co.

GENERAL LANDING DATE.
Carthage (by boat) 14-5-32.
Poelan Tells 14-5-32.
Comorin (by boat) 16-5-32.
Karanja 16-5-32.
Borneo Maru 16-5-32.
Vita (boat) 16-5-32.
Varsova 16-5-32.
Sophie Maru 16-5-32.
Bahaduri 16-5-32.
Col di Fana 17-5-32.
Saugor (boats A Cotton) 17-5-32
Netravati 17-5-32.
Parvati 17-5-32.
British Sailor 17-5-32.

EXPORTS.
May 18th.

S.S. C|o Sydney for Qhent—125 bales cotton raw Italindia Cotton Co; 110 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Dunkirk—1700 bales cotton raw Patel Cotton Co; 330 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co; 220 bales cotton raw J K Kaisha Ltd.

For Antwerp—110 bales cotton raw Patel Cotton Co; 6800 bags groundnut cakes and 2560 bags linseed cakes A. R. Oomerbhoy.

For Manchester—245 drum castor oil Gujarat Oil Mill Mfg. Co; 4 bales cotton raw Patel Cotton Co; 100 bales cotton thread waste; M. Mafatlal and Co.

For Liverpool.—200 bales cotton thread waste B Mahasakhram and Co; 250 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

S.S. Fusijama for Venice—125 bales cotton raw Bombay Co.

For Varna—25 bales cotton yarn Swadeshi Mills Co.

For Trieste.—220 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

S.S Silverrelm for Marseilles.—4200 bags castor seed L. Dreyfees and Co.

S.S. President Pierce for New York.—94 cases chutney Y Nowroji; 17 nos. woollen druggists Hindustani Art Exporter.

For Marseilles.—60 bales hanna leaves K Kalayanji and Co; 140 bales hanna leaves and 780 bales groundnuts S M Rajgor and Co; 25 bales cotton fly M Narottamdas and Co.

For Genoa.—78 bales cotton fly Chimanlal and Sons.

S.S. Barne Maru for Shanghai—500 bales cotton raw Vokharia and Co.

For Osaka.—100 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

S.S. Tokiwa Maru for Osaka—100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Nogaya—100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Nagoya.—100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

S.S. Tasmania Maru for Osaka—100 bales cotton raw G. K. Kaisha Ltd.

For Nagoga—100 bales cotton G. K. Kaisha Ltd.

For Yokiachhi—200 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Moji—100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS.
May 18th.

S.S. Stroviken, Agents S S N Co; from Rangoon.—9397 bags rice; 150 bags beans; 27 bags gunnies; 98 nongs drums; 52 cases cutch.

From Colombo.—51 pkgs. tea.

From Tuticorin—10 bags oorid husk dust; 12 bags henna leaves; 15 bags oorid husk; 34 bales cotton.

From Cochin.—414 bundle coir rope; 1489 bundles coir yarn; 265 bundles mats; 96 cases hooka shells.

From Calicut.—1160 bales cotton; 110 coils coir rope.

S.S. British Sailor, Agents A. P Oil Co; from Abadan.—7705-2 tons fuel oil in bulk.

S.S. Baroda, M M and Co., from Busrah.—17 blocks lead.

From Mahmerah.—252 bundle P. seed; 26 bales wool; 100 bales attari; 16 bags salted skin.

From Bushira—139 bags gum tragacanth; 92 bags attari; 38 jottas rose.

From B'Abbas 90 bundle dry fish; 60 bags raisin; 109 bales cotton.

From Muscat.—402 bags dates 288 bags sardines; 84 bundles salted fish.

From Karachi.—13 cases salted fish; 8 bags fish manure.

S.S. Karanja, Agents M M and Co; from Durban—235 cases apples.

From Beera—220 cases fruit.

From L'Marques.—102 bags cajunuts.

From Zanibar.—384 bales cloves.

From Mombassa—9878 bales cotton; 8 cases chese.

S.S. Nerbudda, Agents M M and Co., from London—443 drums paint; 176 cases beer; 150 cases glassware; 40 cases biscuits; 100 cases glue; 100 cases coffee; 52 cases soap; 50 cases cordials; 40 cases metal polish; 183 cases washing blue; 289 cases gin; 250 bags borax; 138 cases whisky; 300 cks. chemicals; 213 bales newspaper; 70 drums turpentine; 115 drums linseed oil; 52 drums colour; 76 drums varnish.

From Middlesbro.—151 bundles expanded metal; 491 bundles steel sheets 223 bundles steel plates 116 bundles steel angles; 986 bundles steel circles; 160 cks. chemicals; 45 cks. paint; 11400 bags sulphate of amonia.

From Antwerp.—185 cases panel pins; 100 cks. colour; 200 bundles steel sheets; 656 bundles steel rivets; 125 bundles steel circles; 573 bundles steel angles; 5827 bundles steel bars; 255 bundles steel tees; 4900 bundles steel rods; 4080 bundles steel hoops; 445 bundles hinges; 200 bundles lead lead; 1059 bundles glassware; 100 bundles napthaline; 50 cases beer; 180 cases paper; 588 bundles steel joists; 60 bundles steel plates.

THE EXCELSIOR

To-day at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

COLUMBIA'S GIGANTIC PRODUCTION

DIRIGIBLE

starring

JACK HOLT

RALPH GRAVES **FAY WRAY**

A spectacular and vivid picturization of man's death-defying battle with the Antarctic elements—and a woman's soul-searing struggle with the forces of love and life.

THE EMPIRE

TO-DAY at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

A murdered man comes back to accuse his own murderer —and is killed again before he can speak. That's

MURDER BY THE CLOCK

with
WILLIAM BOYD
LILYAN TASHMAN
SALLY O'NEIL

A Paramount Picture.

PHENAKA

SHAVING STICK

A delicately perfumed neutral soap—antiseptic, pure and emollient—producing profuse permanent shaving lather—appreciated by all.

Buy your tube from the nearest stationer.

Distributors for Bombay & C. P.:
RAMJANALLY EBRAHIM & CO.
81, Princess Street: : Bombay
Manufacturers:

Jadavpur Soap Works
29, Strand Road: : Calcutta

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City And Suburbs

TO-DAY:
Hindu—Vishakh, Shud 14 1933.
Parsi—Adar. 15. 1301.
Muslim—Mohurrum 12, 1351.
Sunrise 6h. 3m.
Sunset 7h. 7m.
Hightide—11-22, 23-10
Lowtide—4-36, 17-18
Phases of the Moon: Full Moon 20th May 10h. 29m. a. m. Last Quarter 27th May 10h. 24m. a. m. New Moon June 5. 1st quarter 12th June.

TO-DAY'S INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME: 12 noon, Selection of Indian Gramophone Records. 9-10 p. m. news in Hindi. 9-20 p. m. popular songs by Bai Sunderabai with Dattaram Parwatkar (Sarangi).

Domestic Occurrence

MARRIAGE

Owing to the disturbed state of the City, the invitations extended by me on the occasion of the marriage of my daughter on the 20th instant at Muzafferabad Hall. Lamington Road, Grant Road. have regretfully to be withdrawn.
J. S. NERURKER.

PUBLIC LECTURE ON BUDDHA: Under the auspices of the Bombay Theosophical Federation, Mr. F. J. Ginwala, Solicitor, will speak in Gujarati at the Hall of the Theosophical Society (French Bridge. Chowpati) to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p. m. (S. T.) on "Life and Teachings of Lord Buddha".

POSTAL NOTICES: Superscribed Mails for Japan per s. s. "Tasmania Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 5-30 p. m. on Thursday the 19th instant instead of on 18th as previously notified.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, China and Japan per s. s "Tokiwa Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 2-30 p. m. on Thursday the 19th instant instead of 18th as previously notified.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for United States of America per s. s. "President Pierce" will be closed at the General Post Office at 10-0 a. m. on Friday the 20th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS: The Outward P. & O. Mail Steamer, "Mooltan" with the mails from London of the 12th instant arrived at Port Said at 2/30 a. m. on the 18th instant and left there at 8 a. m. the same day.

BOMBAY MEDICAL UNION: The Clinical Meeting of the Bombay Medical Union, which was to be held to-day (Thursday) has been postponed owing to the disturbances in the City, till further notice."

HOME HYGIENE CLASS EXAM. RESULTS

The examination of the Home Hygiene Class for Ladies organised by the Mahilla Seva Mandal of the Social Sevice League at its Girgaum Branch was held on the 7th of May 1932 and the following students were declared successful in order of merit:—

1. Mrs. Vimlabai Saraf; 2. Miss Freni Kothare; 3. Miss Cinderella Sav; 4. Miss Heerabai Sav; 5. Miss Vasanti Gidh; 6. Miss Lila Kothare; 7. Mrs. Rebecca Michael; 8. Miss Keshar Chavan; 9. Mrs. Elizabeth Judah; 10. Miss Manorama Masatakar; 11. Miss Indumati Durve.

Rangoon.—Mr. R. A. Curtis, an European, formerly Secretary of the Burma Building Loan Association, Rangoon, was arrested on May 14 at Kanbalu, Shwebo District, and produced to-day before the Eastern Sub-Divisional Magistrate, who remanded him to custody till May 20 for further investigation by the police. A. P.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR:—Jack Holt, Ralph Graves and Fay Wray in "Dirigible", thrilling aviation spectacle A Columbia Super Production. To-day at 6-30 and 10 p. m.

EMPIRE: — "Murder by the Clock", a mystery thriller with Filliam Boyd, Lilyan Tashman, Irving Pichell and Sally O'neil. Also "Moonlight and Romance." A screen song with Nino Martin and Rosita Moreno. To-day at 6-30 and 10 p. m.

EMPRESS: "Heartbreak" Fox drama of Viennese romance starring Charles Farell and Madge Evans. To-day at 6-30 and 10 p. m.

CAPITOL.—Marie Dressler and Polly Moran in "Politics" M-G-M drama 8 parts, and also "Two Bark Brothers" Dogville Comedy in 2 reels, Sport Special "Dive In" along with the latest world news. Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

RIALTO.—"Free Soul", daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE:—"House of Arrow", daily at 6 p. m.
Matinee to-day at 3-30 p. m.

WELLINGTON.—"Women of All Nations," daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WEST END.—"Leila-Majnun": daily at 6-15 and 10 p.m.

GLOBE.—"Alibaba", daily at 5-30, 8, and 10-30 p.m.
Matinee on Friday, 3 p.m.

KRISHNA.—"Hoor-e-Hind," daily at 5, 7, 9, and 11 p.m.

TREASURY BILLS SALES

A press communique states: Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Wednesday the 18th May 1932. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,15,75000. Tenders at Rs 98-15-0 and above were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount of accepted tenders was Rs. 51,25,000 and the average rate Rs. 4-4-0 per annum.

Intermediate three months' Treasury Bills will be issued from Thursday the 19th May to Monday the 23rd May 1932 at Rs 99-1-0 par cent. Intermediate three months' Treasury Bills sold from the 11th May to the 17th May 1932 amounted to Rs. 1,600,000.

Tenders for three months' bills to the amount of Rs. 2 crores will be received on Tuesday the 24th May 1932. Successful tenderers should make payment of the amount of accepted tenders on Friday the 27th May 1932. Other conditions are as usual.

REMITTANCES TO THE BRITISH TREASURY

A press communique states: Sterling purchased in India from 1st April 1932 to 14th May 1932 is £223,000; Sterling taken over in London for the same period is £715,000.

Net transfers to the Home Treasury from Gold Standard Reserve in England, against gold transferred in India from Paper Currency Reserve to Gold. Gold Standard Reserve for the same period is £3,750000.
Total is £2,812,000.

Rangoon.—A press communique states that the Governor has appointed Sir Joseph Maung Gyi to be Minister in the vacancy caused by the death of Sir Lee Ah Yain. It is understood that Sir Joseph Maung Gyi will stand for election to the Burma Legislative Council from Moulmein General Urban constituency, Mr. Eusoof, the sitting member, having resigned his seat.—A. P.

PATHE CINEMA TO-DAY AT 3-30 and 6 p. m.
A.E.W. MASON'S GREAT DETECTIVE YARN
the
HOUSE OF THE ARROW
featuring
DENNIS NEILSON—TERRY, BENITA HUME
and RICHARD COOPER
A TWICKENHAM PRODUCTION
SATURDAY NEXT
THE BIGGEST MYSTERY PICTURE OF THE YEAR
"THE BAT WHISPERS"
featuring
CHESTER MORRIS
A UNITED ARTISTS PICTURE
Book your seats in advance.

TIDE OF DISORDER BEGINS TO RECEDE

(Continued from page 1).

police also succeeded in arresting five persons who were engaged in looting the shop.

FIRING AT HAINES ROAD

Another case of firing earlier in the day was at Haines Road. A crowd of 50 Hindus collected in the locality near the Pathan's Chawl, which is occupied by Muslims, and indulged in pelting stones at the residents of the Chawl. The Agripada police went to the scene, but instead of leaving the place the crowd pelted stones at the police party as well. Deputy Inspector Chand Khan, therefore, fired one shot, and as a result the crowd dispersed. A Hindu was running from the scene in a suspicious manner. He was put under arrest and it was found that he carried a soda-water bottle with him.

A Muslim mob at Delisle Road was dispersed by the police by a mere lathi charge.

FIRING TWICE AT KALBADEVI.

There were two cases of firing by police at Kalbadevi in the morning while fire had to be opened twice on the Girgaum Road in the afternoon. At Dady Set Agiari Lane, a crowd of 200 Hindu riff-raffs engaged themselves in looting shops. The Princess Street police went to the place and opened fire to disperse the crowd. One man was slightly injured and removed to the G. T. Hospital, but was discharged after treatment. Earlier in the afternoon while a crowd of Hindus was attempting to loot a Muslim shop in Ram Vadi the police prevented it by opening fire.

STRAY ASSAULTS TILL LATE HOUR.

Inspite of the Curfew Order and its strict enforcement on Wednesday night, there were stray cases of assaults till a late hour. At about 9 p.m. while Mr. L. Melvin, Factory Manager of John Roberts and Co., was going from Sewri to Fort in his car he noticed a Hindu youth lying at the foot of the Reay Road Bridge. Thinking that the man was injured. Mr. Melvin picked up the unfortunate victim, but found that life was extinct. He left the body in the Morgue. It appears the boy was stabbed by some unknown person. At about 10 p.m. a Hindu was brought to the J. J. Hospital by the police from Vadgadi in Mandvi. He had received a severe lathi-blow on his head and was profusely bleeding.

IN G. T. HOSPITAL.

Two cases, one of stabbing and the other in which the man was hammered with lathis were brought to the G. T. Hospital late at night. In both the cases the victims were Hindus.

CONGRESS FREE HOSPITAL.

The Congress Free Hospital also received two cases of stabbing at about 11 p.m. from Khetwadi 6th Lane. Both the victims were Hindus, and one of them died shortly after admission. It appears a crowd of Muslims assaulted Hindus, and there was a free fight. The police who rushed to the scene could disperse the crowd only after opening fire.

LOOTING OF SHOPS

There were a few cases of looting Muslim shops in the north of the city. Two Moghul tea shops in the Agripada section were looted by Hindus.

Abbas Haji Gulam Hussein, a Moghul tea shop keeper in Clarke Road complained to the police late in the evening that his shop was looted by a Hindu mob in the morning. The hooligans broke open the shop, and threw its contents in the street3. Some of them helped themselves with cakes and pastry, while others satisfied themselves with damaging the furniture and breaking glasses.

AT GIRGAON, BHULESHWAR, SEWRI, AND DADAR

Stray Assaults, Stone-Throwing And Looting

Complete quiet prevailed during the night at Thakurdwar, Girgaon, Bhuleshwar and other Hindu localities in the city, after four days of unrestrained rioting, looting and arson. The police are patroling the streets every few minutes, and any person loitering about is immediately put under arrest. All the streets were practically deserted by about 8-30 p.m. although people were looking out from house-tops out of sheer curiosity.

MILITARY AND PATROL BUSY.

The military have been stationed at the most important centres, and the light motor patrol is patroling the affected areas. The military have also been stationed at the Mahatbavdi Police Station to meet any emergency.

One Mr. S.S. Aimams lodged a complaint in the Lamington Road Police Station on Wednesday night saying that he was assaulted at the Queen's Road Junction by the police at 9-30 p.m. while returning from his office, though the Curfew order was not applicable to Queen's Road.

30 SUSPECTS ARRESTED.

The Maharbavdi Police arrested since Wednesday morning 30 people, both Hindus and Muslims, on suspicion of being rioters.

In the D'Lisle Road area, stray assaults on Muslims and stone-throwing from house-tops, which was resorted to during the earlier part of the day, stopped after five in the evening, and the locality was quiet since then.

ONE KILLED IN FIGHT AT SEWREE.

There was a Hindu-Muslim fight at the Jakaria Bunder, Sewree, at 1-30 p.m. where a Hindu was killed. The Police, on getting information, rushed to the place, dispersed the crowd with a lathi charge, and removed the dead body to the Morgue. The police patrolled the locality and complete quiet prevailed in the area since then.

At 2-30 p.m. an Irani shop was forcibly interred into at the Bhavani Shanker Road, at Dadar by a Hindu mob and the contents of the shop were thrown into the street. The police arrived on the scene and dispersed the mob with a lathi charge. There were stray assaults on Muslims during the early part of the day, but there was no further trouble in the area till late at night.

PATHAN BEATEN TO DEATH

A Pathan was mercilessly assaulted this morning at about 11.30 near Cadell Road. He died within a few minutes, and was picked up by a rescue party.

WOMAN SAVED

Victoria Driver Takes Her Into Danger Zone

How a Hindu woman was saved from likely danger at the hands to hooligans was told to a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle" when he went on his morning rounds to view the riot situation. The woman, who alighted at the Victoria Terminus at 1 a.m., was unaware of the serious situation in the city. She engaged a victoria to go to Tardeo. The driver, a Mahomedan, took her in the direction of Pydhownie, where seeing the danger the woman was running into the Parsi Ambulance officer on duty stopped the victoria and put the woman in a taxi car, with instructions to the driver take her to her destination through a safer route.

A Mahomedan funeral procession passed this morning along Karnac Road. The military followed it all along the route.

AT NULL BAZAR HAND-TO-HAND FIGHTING

An indication of returning confidence was the opening of some shops at Null Bazaar. Gulal Wadi and Kalbadevi Road, but, they were soon closed when cases of assaults were reported rather frequently.

The Round Temple near Null Bazaar which is the favourite battle-field of the rioters, was the scene of hand-to-hand fights between Hindus and Muslims this morning. They used stones, and soda water bottles freely. The police fired, which resulted in serious injury to one. Four persons were injured by stones and soda water bottles. They were removed to hospital.

There was a similar occurrence at Kamatipura, where the Hindus and Muslims indulged in fights with clasp knives. Police opened fire here also and half a dozen persons were injured and removed to the J. J. Hospital. Most of the days casualties before midday occured here.

ROUNDING UP OF MAVALIS

Rich Clothes Found In Their Keeping

The work of rounding up mavalis is being pushed on with vigour. More than forty persons have been arrested since yesterday evening by the Palton Road police and the Yellow Gate police. They were placed today before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, for contravening the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Order. Almost all of them were Mahomedans. They were found in possession of new clothes, for which accession of sartorial wealth they could not satisfactorily account. The police suspect that they must have looted property. Costly embroidered silk saris were found with some of the accused, it was stated.

THURSDAY (1-30 a.m.)

The police pickets stationed at the Maruti Temple in Dadar had to rush to a place nearby on hearing sounds of lathi beating and stone-throwing. It appears some roughs in the locality evidently bent on mischief were indulging in these acts and inviting trouble. However when Sub-Inspector Parulekar went to the spot with a batch of police, he found that the hooligans had taken to their heels and all was quiet.

CASUALTIES.

The total number of casualties on Wednesday was 12 dead and 158 injured.

A FALSE REPORT

We are requested to state that there is no truth in the report which was published in a vernacular paper on Wednesday to the effect that a Hindu from the Surti Hindu Hotel at Grant Road Corner had stabbed a Mussalman. The report led to an attack on the hotel by a gang of Mahomedan roughs but they were dispersed by the police.

Mr. Abdul Rehman Mitha Continues Fast

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

To-day is the fourth day of the fast observed by Mr. Abdul Rehman Mitha. Dr. Vora examined and reported him to be rather weak with slow pulse. Yet Mr. Mitha was found cheerful. He refused to take anything in the shape of nourishment.

For Muslim Sufferers

Food and shelter will be given to the Muslim riot sufferers by the Rangari Mohalla Muslim Relief Committee. The needy may call personally at the Rangari Mohalla Jamat Khana, Crawford Market or phone to 24180.

Muslim Committee For Relief Of Riot Victims

The Muslim Committee for the relief of the helpless victims of riots is situated in 27, Kolsha Mohalla, Pydhoni. The telephone number is 25994. Hindus in Muslim localities or Muslims in Hindu localities who want to be taken to safer places can apply to the Committee for help.

LATEST COTTON PRICES

(Cotton Information Bureau, 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

OCTOBER SETTLEMENT
New York, May 18.

Previous Closing Rate	5.86
To-day's Opening Rate	5.87
Difference	+.01
To-day's Closing Rate	5.94
Difference	+.08

Broach Expectations

A/M.	Rs. 168
July/August	Rs. 175

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

OCTOBER SETTLEMENT.
Liverpool, May 18.

Previous Closing Rate	4.31
To-day's Opening Rate	4.27
Difference	—.04
To-day's Closing Rate	4.29
Difference	—.02

LONDON SILVER MARKET

London, May 18.

Silver Ready	17-1/8
	—3 Annas.
Silver Forward	17 1/4
	—3 Annas.

Market:—China sold.

STERLING-DOLLAR CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

(Special Service for "The Chronicle").

T.T. ON LONDON
New York, May 18.

Previous Closing	3.66 1/4
To-day's Closing	3.68

T.T. ON NEW YORK.
London, May 18.

Previous Closing	3.66 3/8
To-day's Opening	3.66 1/8
To-day's Closing	3.68

MORE RELIEF COMMITTEES

A merchant from Marwari Bazar writes:—

Among Hindus several Committees have been formed to rescue the stranded people in the various localities of the city.

Zain volunteers and some of the prominent Marwari, Gujarati and Multani merchants have organised and formed a Relief Committee, with the headquarters at the Indian Cotton Exchange premises at Marwari Bazar. Uptil Wednesday morning 1,700 have been lodged and provided with the necessary facilities.

They have removed many families with the help of the police from Two Tanks, Duncan Road Bhendy Bazar, Kamatipura and other affected areas.

Persons in need should phone to the Superintendent in charge. Phone Nos. are 23169 and 23111.

A LESSON FOR BOMBAY

Peaceful Mohurram At Nasik

(From A Correspondent)
NASIK, May 18.

The Mohurrum holidays have passed off peacefully in Nasik due to the members of both, Hindu and Mohomedan, communities adhering to the understanding arrived at between them.

At a joint meeting it was decided that the Sawaris and Tajiyas should pass the Vithoba's Temple after 2 a.m. by which time the Bhajan of Namdev Shimpis, to whom the temple belongs would end, and thereafter the Mahomedans should take their Sawari passing by the temple. Both the parties thereby agreed to abide by the arrangement, consequently avoiding any breach in the friendliest relations existing between the communities.

BOMBAY CITY AMBULANCE CORPS

Rescue Work

BOMBAY, TUESDAY.

The Bombay City Ambulance Corps was on field service to-day. It patrolled the affected area of the city from 11 a.m. till 8-30 p.m. under the command of Captain Jal M Kothavala.

Seventeen minor injuries were treated at the clearing out-posts. There was no case for removal. But about 20 persons were rescued and removed to safe-places.

At about 12a.m. the volunteers helped the police to put out fire at Bhuleshwar. Similarly, they helped the police to put fire on the road side at two other places between C. P. Tank and Bhuleshwar. The fire was put out before the Fire Brigade could be called.

ALLEGATION AGAINST INDIAN SOLDIERS

Mr. J. D. Nanjivala, a tea merchant, residing at 14 Cowasji Street complains that at about 10-30 a.m. on Monday, he was going towards Charni Road Station from New Charni Road. He found the shop of Messrs. Ahmed E. Esaali looted by Mavalis. They had thrown the contents of the shop in the street and left the place.

About a dozen Indian soldiers were guarding the place. Suddenly two of them got furious and started assaulting innocent passers-by. They entered Andrews Building which is near the place and belaboured Laxman Umaji, a coachman. They also belaboured several others. Some Parsis who intervened and tried to stop them were also beaten. Mr. Nanjivala was one of them and he also received injuries.

In the meanwhile someone asked him to report the matter to Captain Bainji, who, it appears, was in charge of the soldiers. When Mr. Nanjivala approached the Captain he said he would put matters right and after some time put the military guards in a lorry and removed them.

LAHORE RIOT CASE

Three Mohamedans Committed To Sessions

LAHORE, May 18.

One of the five Hindu-Muslim riot cases was disposed of to-day, by Mr. C.H. Disney, Magistrate, who has been busy hearing these cases for the last four months.

In this case four Mohammedans, Gulam Mustfa, Ilamdin, Abdulkarim and Laldin were prosecuted on the charge of the murder of Laichand, a shopkeeper of Rangmahal on December 27 last.

The Magistrate, after hearing arguments, discharged Abdul Karim and held Laldin and Ilamdin guilty under Section 323, I.P.C. and Gulam Mustfa under Section 302, I.P.C. and committed all the three to the Sessions.—A.P.

STORING UP FOOD GRAINS

Request To Police To Close Pubs.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Joint Secretary of the Bombay Citizens' Conciliation Committee, writes:—

"Meetings of the Bombay Citizens' Conciliation Committee were held to-day at 11 a.m. and at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at the Municipal Corporation Hall.

"It was suggested to the Committee that they should suggest to the Hindu and Muslim Relief Committees the advisability of storing up of sufficient quantity of food grains and cereals for the sale thereof, to those who cannot obtain their requirements owing to the general closing down of shops in certain localities in the city. This suggestion was, accordingly, passed on to the Hindu and Muslim Relief Committees.

It was also suggested to the Committee that representations may be made to the authorities for issuing orders to close the liquor shops in the city. The Committee, accordingly, resolved to suggest among other things, the desirability of closing of liquor shops as also of rounding up of the 'mavalis' in the city to the police authorities.

"The statement published in to-day's (morning edition) "Free Press of India" to the effect that 'the Committee seem to be unanimous in their opinion that the police authorities have miserably failed so far to get the situation under control,' is absolutely without foundation.

"As usual, meetings of the Committee will be held to-morrow (Thursday) at 11 a.m. (S.T.) and at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at the Municipal Corporation Hall."

Donations To Relief Fund

A Relief Fund has been opened for helping women and children who have become helpless owing to the present unfortunate riots. The names of the donors are given below:—

Mrs. Shantabai Govindlal Shivlal Rs. 300; Mrs. Gulabbai Manilal Zaveri Rs. 250; Lady Luxmibai Jugmohandas Rs. 150; Miscellaneous sums collected by women Rs. 100.

HELPERS.

The following ladies have kindly consented to help in the relief work:—

(1) Lady Laxmibai Jagmohandas Vurjiwandas; (2) Mrs. Shantabai Govindlal Shivlal; (3) Mrs. Gulabbai Manilal Zaveri; (4) Mrs. Manibai Chabildas Kapadia; (5) Mrs. Ratanbai Laxmidas Mehta and (6) Mrs. Kalawanti Bhawanidas Motivala.

Ladies desirous of helping in this work are requested to write to Mrs. Ratanbai Mehta, Turner Road, New Patkar Blocks, Bandra.

THE CAPITOL
Bombay's Leading Talkie House
TO-NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P. M.
WE WANT TO LAUGH with MARIE DRESSLER POLLY MORAN in POLITICS

Also A SPORT FILM on SWIMMING
NORMA SHEARER
TO-NIGHT AT THE RIALTO
in
"A FREE SOUL"
Next Saturday at the CAPITOL,
WALLACE BEERY
JACKIE COOPER
In the Miracle Picture
THE CHAMP

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

THURSDAY, MAY 19, 1932

SCRAP THE WHOLE SCHEME

In the course of an illuminating interview Sir Abdur Rahim makes it plain that it is impossible to bring to a successful conclusion a federation between the peoples of British India and the Princes, and he is definitely of the opinion that such a scheme must be given up. The idea of bringing all the contrary forces working in India within the orbit of a federation may be attractive, but it cannot be achieved in the present circumstances within the next decade, if things are allowed to proceed at their present pace. Sir Abdur Rahim rightly says that all the arguments in favour of a federation are of theoretical importance and visionary. "It will certainly not be to the advantage of democratic India, and it is doubtful if the Princes' India can mix in one constitution under one Government until the tendencies of the times have brought the latter more into line with democratic ideals."

IMPOSSIBLE CONDITIONS.

That is generally the view of all educated Indians. It is impossible to imagine the Princes sitting side by side with representatives of a democracy and helping the latter towards their goal. At least this cannot happen until the States people are brought into line with those in British India. At present the Princes have not the remotest idea of giving their subjects any political rights; on the other hand they want to consolidate all that they have got and ask for more privileges as they do not wish their "rights of internal sovereignty" to be touched by outsiders. According to the latest communique the Princes have not been able to make up their minds either way and they have been advancing impossible conditions for the acceptance of British Indians. They think that they are sacrificing a great deal by agreeing to join the federation. But it was the Princes who were the most enthusiastic supporters of such a scheme. Mr. V. Srinivasa Sastri says that it was at the instance of the Princes that "we agreed to a federation of All-India in the place of the reform of British India only" and he now appeals to them not to strengthen the forces of "obstruction" by their undue hesitancy.

NEITHER SANE NOR POSSIBLE.

The "Times of India" tells us the Princes will "make sacrifices" joining the federation. We should like to know more about these sacrifices. As a matter of fact, they are asking for excessive representation in both federal legislatures, on the ground that they ought to have more than a "consultative voice." If every federating unit demands representation more than is its due, the failure of the federation is certain. Nowhere in the world is this permitted and it is neither possible nor sane. The latest demand of the Indian States is for 125 seats in an upper house of 200 seats, though it is likely that the number may be increased to 250. Their original demand was for only 80 seats. At least in this respect they are making some real progress!

NOTHING LESS!

Our objections against such a hybrid federation remain and we entirely agree with Sir Abdur Rahim that it is not possible for democracy and autocracy to sit together and work a democratic constitution. We would rather proceed further with the original idea of giving a full measure of democracy to British India and allow the Indian Princes to form a federation of their own, the two bodies meeting together on a common ground. We have no illusions on the point. If there is any honest desire to make real progress towards a genuine democracy, the whole of the present plan should be scrapped and a fresh start made in consultation with the greatest and most influential political party in the country. Apparently nobody is anxious to push forward with the reforms, and according to the latest Simla advices the authorities there are in agreement with Whitehall that it is possible to placate India with the grant of provincial autonomy. There will be no support in India for such a proposal. As far as Indians are concerned they want nothing less than full self-government. Anything less than that will fail to satisfy the country.

Wild Criticism!

Prohibition has always provided an unpleasant prospect for the Anglo-Indian Press. Last week, reviewing the report on Federal Finance, we suggested that the Excise revenue and the Salt tax must go and the burdens of taxation should be shifted to those shoulders that can bear them. This has excited the "Madras Mail" to a frenzy of apprehension. In a leading article under the caption "Wild Finance" it delivers itself of the following:

> "If the extravagant ideas of the whole-hog reformers are carried into effect, then the new India will be bankrupt before it has found time to look about it."

ABSURD FEAR.

There is no justification for such a wild fear. If some of our suggestions are calculated to reduce the national revenue others are designed to increase it. As regards the Excise revenue, we demand its complete abolition mainly on moral and physiological grounds, the revenue factor being ruled out of the calculation. But the abolition can be thoroughly justified on sane economic grounds. The manufacture of liquor and opium is the virtual conversion of actual or potential food into a poison that seriously injures the body, lowers vitality, efficiency of labour and, therefore, productivity. From this point of view the consumption of alcohol is a direct economic loss. And if we take into consideration the cost to the community of the crime and disease and domestic distress and poverty caused by liquor, the indirect economic loss is incalculably huge. It is a perverse view that all this loss to the community, moral, physiological and economic should be permitted for the sake of the few crores it brings to the Government's exchequer.

MISREPRESENTATION.

Unable to refute our case, the 'Madras Mail" resorts to misrepresentation. It says that we denounce the land revenue and that we want it to "go the way of Excise and the Salt tax". We have never denounced land revenue as such, much less did we suggest its abolition. But we did denounce the present scale of the land tax, which weighs heavy on the [illegible] is equitable reduction and adjustment. Far from denouncing land revenue, we regard land as a source of just and fairly stable revenue. But at the same time we insist that land revenue must be assimilated to the income tax and that small or marginal lands that just cover the cost of production should be exempted from the tax. The loss of land revenue thereby sustained may be partially recouped by the scale of the land tax being made higher for rich and extensive and more highly productive lands.

IS THIS NOT WILD?

We would also wholeheartedly support the proposal of the Federal Finance Committee to extend the income tax to agricultural incomes, provided that only the higher agricultural incomes are taxed, the higher the agricultural or other incomes, the higher being the scale or percentage of taxation. It is curious that the "Madras Mail," which expresses such solicitude for the national revenue is disconcerted at the prospect of extending the income tax to agricultural incomes and of a higher scale of taxes on higher incomes. It says of the income tax:

> "Already it is being complained that the tax is crippling Indian industry. Its extension to agricultural incomes will involve an immense revolution in current sentiment and even if that is carried out, it is unlikely to act as an adequate substitute for land revenue."

As nobody has proposed the abolition of land revenue, there need be no anxiety about a "substitute" for it. But does our Madras contemporary seriously suggest that the complaint against the Income tax is just or that the present exemption of agricultural incomes from the tax is fair? If it does, its view is certainly wilder than any urged by any Indian fiscal reformer.

INDIA'S POSSIBILITIES

There is one remark of the "Madras Mail" which we wholeheartedly endorse. It is that "India must cut her coat according to her cloth, even though it be made of Khaddar." It is in pursuance of this very principle, liberally interpreted, that we advocate drastic retrenchment in the administration. Mahatma Gandhi has always insisted that there must be some fair correspondence between the appalling poverty of the country and the cost of its administration. With the aid of fresh sources of taxation, with the enormous possibilities of developing forests, new industries, and irrigation, it will be quite possible for India to find substitutes for the liquor and the salt revenues.

TRIBUTE TO THE POLICE

We very gladly express our appreciation of the services which are being rendered to the City at the present time by the rank and file of the City Police. Whatever criticisms we may have to make of the 'laches' of higher authority and those directly responsible for enforcing measures for the preservation of law and order does not prevent us from readily giving expression to the gratitude which the public should feel to the officers and men who have stood the tremendous strain of the past five days with signal and uncomplaining devotion to duty and, on the whole, unfailing good humour in the performance of unpleasant tasks.

There may have been here and there cases of indifference or negligence or excessive zeal and unnecessary use of force. Such complaints are inevitable in a period of disturbance and disorder, when decisions have to be made quickly and every individual cannot be expected to be a model of discretion or tact and consideration. But the police on this occasion have applied themselves with zeal to a task, the successful performance of which is to the interest of the whole community. Many of them, in fact most of them, have had to do long stretches of duty lasting 36 hours and even more without relief and it does them credit that there has been little grumbling or complaint.

In this respect the troops are much better off. They are not expected to do more than six hours duty at a stretch and they are provided with comforts and facilities which the police do not get, while Gramophone Companies, Cinema Theatres and Film proprietors and the Y.M.C.A. make provision for their entertainment. No one will grudge them the provision of these amenities to relieve the tedium of a sojourn in the Victoria Gardens with the denizens of the zoo but we could wish that the City Police Sepoys and their Officers might also be made the object of these solicitous attentions by public and private institutions. They certainly deserve it every bit as much [illegible]

WHEN CABINET MINISTERS WRANGLE

Westminster Turned Into "Music Hall"

(From Our Own Correspondent).

London, May 7.
(By AIR MAIL).

The more one follows the debates in the House of Commons the more one feels convinced that it is a gang of Fascists that compose the "National" Government of Great Britain. The Prime Minister, Mr. Baldwin, Sir Herbert Samuel belong to a flock that desires to lead the country as they want it and not as they ought to. But in this coercion of the general mass of the population, neither of them command the respect of any section of the House.

DISSENTER WHO AGREES.

When Sir Herbert Samuel under the fictitious claim of "agreeing to differ" attacked the new Tariff Advisory Committee, Mr. Winston Churchill assailed him in a brilliant speech in which the one time Free Trader ridiculed the 'agreement to differ" with most effective raillery and sarcasm. The speech of Sir Herbert and the conditions under which it was made reminded Mr. Churchill of the remark about the Duke of Orleans: "He has missed a fine opportunity of keeping quiet." He asked Sir Herbert what national purpose was served by his attack on the tariffs. Would his attack save Free Trade? Would it help to make Protection come into operation more smoothly?

ANOTHER PONTIUS PILATE.

Mr. Churchill never imagined then that they were to be confronted with what he could only say was an indecent and even scandalous spectacle of Ministers wrangling upon the Treasury Benches and of important officers of the State doing their utmost to discredit, to impede and to undermine the main policy of the Government. He understood that Sir Herbert's view was that Protection was wrong, but that once he had made it clear that the importance of the National Government at this time was so great and his contribution to it so indispensable, he must nevertheless continue as a Minister. "The Rt. Hon. Gentleman," continued Mr. Churchill, "is actually driving forward Protection with all the force of His Majesty's Government. Of course, the Rt. Hon. Gentleman can declare that he did not advise protection, but he cannot discharge himself from his responsibility in carrying protection any more than Pontius Pilate washing his hands in public could escape from his responsibility while he remained a high functionary of the Roman Empire."

HISTORIC EXAMPLES.

"If Sir Herbert really feels so strongly about the question that his sense of proportion is changed: if he no longer feels that the National Government is more important than Free Trade, then I cannot help him further. If that is the conclusion which he has reached then only one step is open to him. How often in history eminent men have been placed in false situation by the force of events. There was Naaman who had to bow the knee in the Temple of Rimmon when he went there in connection with his duties at the Assyrian Court. But his position is quite well understood in history. He has not been stigmatised for that. But I expect that if Naaman, when he went into the Temple of Rimmon, had perpetually interrupted the service, there would have been a good deal of ill-feeling among the congregation."

"Henry of Navarre said that Paris was worth a Mass. Perhaps it was. Perhaps the peace and unity of France was worth a Mass to him." Mr. Churchill said, he hoped that these historic examples might be of service to Sir Herbert and those who acted with him.

IS THIS "NATIONAL" UNITY?

And this is what Mr. Greenwood, the ex-Minister, thinks of the present talk-shop at Westminster. Making his first speech in the present House, the ex-Minister said that during the time he had been in the House of Commons, both in Opposition and in Office, he never remembered a Government with fewer friends than this Government had. He had not heard any thorough-going approval of the policy of the Government, and for the first time he had seen members of the same Cabinet taking part in the debate on opposite sides. "This, an exhibition of national unity was even a more amusing farce than the St. Marylebone by-election and this in spite of the fact that during the General Election and especially during the recent Wakefield by-election an appeal was made for national unity."

ONLY A SIDE ISSUE.

Mr. Greenwood had been led to believe that the real difference of opinion between the Conservative and Liberal Parties lay in the Fiscal issue. He was led to believe that the Liberal Party would die in the last ditch to preserve Free Trade. But, now apparently the Liberal Ministers think of it as a side issue.

However, that could not be so because it was not merely the main plank in the Government's programme, it was the only plank. The truth was, said Mr. Greenwood, that the Orders now before the House were a triumph for the Tory and Tory policy. "In effect it was a complete system of protection for this country. This so-called National Government had carried out both a constitutional and a fiscal revolution."

THESE HITLERITES.

"Parliamentary Hitlerites were now victorious, not by straightforward methods, but by the backstair methods of the last election, and the great policy was the crudest of crude Protection. The Government would go slipping down the slope from now onwards. They could not stop. The Tory Party had tasted blood and now they are having the time of their lives. The Government had not read the writing on the wall. The two by-elections—Wakefield and St. Marylebone—ought to open their eyes."

"During the last six months the rights of members of Parliament had been trodden under foot in a way they had never been before. We had a Tariff Advisory Committee in the position of virtual dictatorship. It made decisions or issued decisions on a Friday and they became operative on the following Monday without a word of Parliamentary discussion."

"We lost the United States as part of the British Empire over a century and a half ago, on this very principle of taxation without representation. This was the Boston tea party all over again. The truth was that in this country Tammany was now in the saddle, and Parliament was being reduced to a farce."

WESTMINSTER "MUSIC HALL."

But still worse was the position of the Ministers on Thursday, when Mr. Runciman proceeded to attack the critics of the Tariff Government. It was a heated disagreement between the two Ministers which led to an amazing and unprecedented scene in the House. "Disgraceful" was the epithet used by Mr. Lansbury in describing it. "Worthy of a music hall," shouted Mr. Maxton. The disagreement arose when Mr. Runciman winding up the Tariff debate attempted the hazardous task of replying to Sir Herbert Samuel's devastating attack of the previous day.

The President of the Board of Trade accused the Home Secretary of exaggerations and inaccuracies. Sir Herbert sitting on the Treasury Bench almost immediately behind Mr. Runciman looked straight ahead with his arms across his chest and was obviously determined not to be drawn into interrupting. But Mr. Runciman persisted in his attacks and Sir Herbert tried to explain his position.

WRANGLE ON TREASURY BENCH.

There followed an exchange of assertion and counter-assertion between the two Ministers which

(Continued on page 8)

Notes of the Day

Lloyd On The War Path.

Lord Lloyd is chafing in obscurity and has been again at his old game of fulminating against India and enumerating the benefits conferred by the British on poor humanity, by annexing a good part of the world and holding the people in subjection. "Our Empire: Cure or Collapse" is the theme of the "strong" man on which he discourses at length in the "Graphic" and asks insolently what justification there was for an "attitude of apology for our Empire in India?" He then enumerates what they have done for Indians. There were Pindharis, pestilence, plague and famine in pre-British days, which were taking their relentless toll year by year, and now they have been abolished for ever.

Not In His Senses?

Lord Lloyd is not in his senses, if he says the British have abolished pestilence, famine and plague from India. Plague has now become endemic, after more than 35 years; only a few years ago the influenza epidemic swept away over a crore of people, other epidemics occur periodically and famine is a recurring feature in many parts of the country. But we can assure him tht he was the worst pest Bombay has had. He has mortgaged the present and future of the Presidency for years to come by ruining the whole financial fabric for his wild-cat schemes, the chief effect of which was to send some orders to English manufacturers at peak prices. An ex-Governor has no right to pervert the truth in the course of his propaganda, even if he cannot justify his doings otherwise.

The Pet Of The Gods.

Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer is the favoured of the Simla gods, and whenever a vacancy occurs in the Viceroy's executive Council he is found ready at hand willing to fill the place. Last time when Sir Fazli Hussain went to South Africa he favoured the Viceregal Cabinet with his presence and now again he has been appointed to act for Sir Joseph Bhore. One might enquire whether he holds his position [illegible] in addition to his appointment as adviser to the Travancore Darbar, for which, the Associated Press told us, he was receiving a tidy little honorarium of Rs. 5,000 per month. If he can hold these two posts, then an exception must have been made in his case. Whenever he has to attend the Round Table Conference, he does it in his threefold capacity: first as an ornament of the Liberal Party, secondly as an Executive Councillor, and thirdly as the protector of the interests of poor Travancore all for some consideration.

Drift?

It has been suggested in certain quarters that the main reason why the Consultative Committee's meeting was postponed was that several members of the Committee were disinclined to participate in the Committee's work till Government announce their decision on the communal question. It is further suggested that owing to the Prime Minister's illness and the approach of the Lausanne Conference, the communal decision may not be announced till the end of June. These reports confirm one's suspicion that under one pretext or another the main decisions on constitutional problem are being indefinitely put off. It is idle to suggest that the postponement of the communal decision is partly, if not mainly due to Government's desire to give one more chance to the communities concerned to arrive at a voluntary settlement. To dangle an official decision before the public and to shut up in jail the very persons most competent to bring about a settlement are hardly the means to facilitate a voluntary settlement.

"Svadeshi."

The Bombay Swadeshi League is to be congratulated on its decision to start a monthly journal called "Svadeshi", to be edited by Prof. V. K. R. Rao of the Wilson College. The conductors of the journal propose to make it a comprehensive record of all kinds of Swadeshi activities in the country. The Bombay Swadeshi League is a thoroughly businesslike, and influential body, one of the best of its kind in the country, and a monthly magazine conducted by it may be trusted to be a live propagandist journal. Swadeshi workers all over the country [illegible]

Tipsy-Cake

"Our duty is clearly to confess our own failure and ask India to take charge and see whether she cannot succeed where we have failed."—Mr. Wilfred Wellock in the "Indian Review."

We agree with the proposal to hand over charge, but we hope the idea will be to see whether India can succeed, not whether she cannot succeed.

* * *

Though the Lothian Committee has dispersed, its secretariat is still in being and likely, to remain so, according to a Simla telegram, for some time to come. In fact, on the basis of Dr. Shafaat Ahmed's calculation it will continue to exist for years and years and years.

* * *

Under section something or other of the Prisons Act, Worli Chawls have again been declared a "prison". Lord Lloyd must feel proud to think that he has provided Bombay with this convenient facility for housing prisoners in an emergency.

* * *

"Where is the Coroner?" is the burning question of the day, barring of course the other burnings that are going on. Usually nobody is very anxious to know where Rao Bahadur Athavle is, but at the moment his presence happens to be urgently necessary, whether we like it or not.

* * *

Various rumours were in circulation yesterday as to what had become of the worthy R. B. Some said he had gone to Simla to lay before the Viceroy the burning question of the Primus stove; others, that he had received offers of an attractive kind to accept the post of Coroner in several western cities, where his judicial utterances have attracted attention and admiration.

* * *

Mr. Tairsee hopes that the Director of Information will make due enquiries and publish the result. Mr. Tairsee is too daring. He does'nt know, perhaps, that he may become the subject of another thundering philippic from the Coronial bench—or whatever it may be called—and turned into a living corpse, so far as his public status is concerned.

* * *

The "Free Press Journal" urges that the Director of Information should shift his office to the Police Headquarters. We would suggest, that it might be equally convenient in its present state of mind if the "F. P. J." were to do the same.

* * *

Alternatively we would suggest that the D. o. I. might shift his office to Dalal Street. This would serve a double purpose. The Director would be on the spot to provide the "F. P. J." with the brain fodder it sadly needs, and at the same time fill the role of a liaison office between the Editor and his new masters.

* * *

We now present you with the gem of the week. Rather a lengthy extract but you must read it all. It comes from Bori Bunder:

"According to this telegram the instigators of most of the recent murders are civilians disgusted with Japan's preoccupation with the material aspects of life—the dingy aping, for instance, of United States towns and customs, and the greedy looking towards Manchuria and Japan has her own fine spiritual traditions which need not all be forgotten in a competitive industrial world. One can understand how earnestly many of the population desire to conserve them. Their methods may be needlessly cruel, but no one can doubt their sincerity."—"Evening News of India."

* * *

What Japan seeks to achieve by needlessly cruel methods is to be commended for her sincerity. But when India seeks the same ends by non-violent methods, well—Oh Boy, can you beat it?

* * *

"I have had the opportunity of seeing justice administered in many countries, but in none was the justice of this country surpassed, and in very few was it equalled," said Sir John Pakeman, proposing the toast of 'Bench and Bar" at a dinner of the Worshipful Company of Fannakers. He evidently has'nt been to India.

* * *

The monsoon is now coming nearer and nearer. The latest report is from the Poona Observatory, one of whose experts says we may expect it in ten days. For ourselves we shall expect it when it arrives. It's the safest prediction of all.

* * *

Every year experts, amateur and professional, keep on telling us that the Monsoon is coming earlier than usual and some of them shamelessly keep up this stunt after it is overdue.

* * *

The Monsoon is certainly getting nearer to us because we are getting nearer to the date, on which it normally starts. There is no need to expect an [illegible] arrival this year.

FIGHT THE FANATICS

Bigots Who Keep Alive The Communal Spirit Must Be Suppressed

(By B. G. HORNIMAN).

Now that effective measures have been and are being taken by Government to restore peace in the city, there is some hope that in the course of two or three days the situation will become normal.

The tragic memories of these few days of horror will long linger and the survival of bitternes among those whose communal feelings have been stirred to passion is inevitable and will necessitate the vigilant attention of those responsible for the preservation of law and order for some time to come. When their present task is finished and the city settles down again to its ordinary every-day routine, the authorities will be gravely to blame if they do not profit by the lesson of two such grave outbreaks within a period of three years, and make plans of a permanent kind for tackling a danger of this kind with promptitude and swiftness at the very first sign of the possibility of an outbreak.

RIGOUR MUST NOT BE RELAXED.

The Committee that enquired into the riots of 1929 made a huge bungle of their investigation in their patent anxiety to attribute blame not to communalism but to Communism and to white-wash the negligence of the officials. But, at least, they left on record a list of measures that it is essential to put in force at the outset, when communal strife begins. In spite of this, just as in 1929 the authorities have had to be pressed, and almost bullied by the public, into taking some of the steps urged by the Percival Committee and the delay has produced consequences of the gravest kind.

All this, however, will have to be the subject of close investigation at a later time. Our concern, now should be to see that the rigour of the measures now in force is not relaxed until complete confidence prevails that the trouble is really ended, and also that they are progressively extended and applied with even greater rigour should the elements of disorder prove inclined to attempt to continue the orgy of blood and fire.

NEED FOR PLAIN SPEAKING.

But while looking to those, whose business it is to preserve the public safety, to do their duty it is very essential that we should not forget our own responsibility. I have my own views as to the responsibility to be attributed to certain quarters for this outbreak of communal fury, which has been smouldering and ready to burst into flame for a long time. And I shall not hesitate to express them, if and when occasion arises. But this is not the time. Our attention must still be concentrated during the next few days on the job of stamping out the dying embers of the feud—if they are dying,—and for a long time to come on the endeavour to restore amity between the two communities among people of all classes.

As to this there is need for some plain speaking. It is no good putting all the blame on the Government for a policy which is directly calculated to create enmity between the two communities, or on the speeches of Maulana Shaukat Ali and the thundering manifestoes of Bhai Parmanand. Nor will it do to put all the blame on the hooligans.

NOT ALL HOOLIGANS.

We always hear on these occasions that it is the hooligans, the 'mawalis', the 'riff-raff' and what not who are responsible for all the murders, the assaults, the arson and the looting. We are asked to imagine that the more respectable classes, as a whole, are in a state of sweet reasonableness, anxious only for conciliation, but unable to control the ignorant mass of 'badmashes' who have been given to understand by the police that they can riot and murder to their hearts' content.

WHAT IS BEHIND IT.

I am sorry to say this is not true. Of course, there is some truth in it but what is there is greatly exaggerated. The hooligans and 'mawalis' will naturally take advantge of an occasion of this kind. Murder, theft, violence of all kinds are nothing to them. It is part of their daily existence. But they do not start these communal feuds and they would not be able to keep them going to the extent for which they are responsible, if there were not behind it all, a spirit of communal fury raging in the hearts of a large body of educated and respectable people. If these people could be persuaded to clean their hearts and minds of every kind of communal prejudice and all communal bitterness and passion, riots and feuds and the opportunity for the professional assassin to roam abroad doing his cruel, evil work with impunity under cover of a communal feud could never arise.

FOMENTERS OF FURY.

They were not all hooligans who looted shops, fought with one another like demons and set fire to one another's buildings during these last few days. They were most of them respectable members of society in their own humble spheres, and often enough egged on by those in a higher class of life whose minds are hopelessly communal and who nurse a perpetual spirit of vendetta, which bubbles over in a fury when they hear of what they conceive to be an affront to their religious sentiments or rights.

There are also, unfortunately, honest and sincere men, to whom religious tolerance is an unknown and unknowable quantity. At ordinary times they are harmless and regarded as freakish, but when communal dissension is rife, they are in their element and their influence becomes an active element in fomenting the anger of one side or the other.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST BIGOTS.

It rests on those, who are free from these dangerous communal prejudices, free from the spirit of intolerance and not unduly sensitive to imaginary affronts or interference with their religious rights, to assert themselves and carry on an unceasing campaign against the pestilential influences which make these outbreaks of communal warfare possible.

There is, of course, the political element, which is undoubtedly to a large extent responsible for the present trouble. But I am not dealing with that at present. I feel that, whatever the immediate or remote causes of these terrible communal disturbances, they would not be possible if the saner elements of the community would assert themselves and permanently and actively use their influence to counteract the activities of the bigots on both sides, who are a perpetual menace to communal peace.

The former, I firmly believe, are in the great majority. Were it not so, the spirit of tolerance, which I referred to a few days ago, as normally a glorious feature of Indian life could not prevail.

A TOLERANCE BRIGADE.

There are plenty of communal organisations in existence which are a constant menace to peace. It is time that people who believe in and practise tolerance, and desire to live in amity and concord with their fellow-countrymen, whatever their religious beliefs, should form one great non-communal, non-party national organisation whose aim it will be to exorcise this demon of communal passion and prejudice, which is not only a horrible peril to the whole country in itself, but is exploited by political as well as religious fanatics for their own ends.

DEFICIT BUDGET FOR FRONTIER

Subvention Of Crore From Govt. Of India?

ABBOTTABAD, May 18.

The Provincial budget for 1932-33 under the First Reformed Constitution was presented to the Frontier Legislative Council here this morning.

Introducing the budget estimates the Finance Member said that excluding first 17 days of April 1932 figures for which were included in the Central Budget, Provincial Receipts and Expenditure for 1932-33 were estimated at 65 lakhs and 159 and a half lakhs respectively. Deficit would be covered by means of subvention of a crore from the Government of India and a small closing balance at the end of the year was expected.

The Finance Member said that theirs was an economy budget and every endeavour had been made to keep down expenditure to the minimum consistent with good administration.—A. P.

"I AM ABSOLUTELY GUILTLESS"

Savitri Devi's Story Of Insurance Agent

ALLAHABAD, May 18.

Mrs. Jaffar Ali alias Savitri Devi has filed a written statement before Sessions Court in which she says:—

"Before my arrest I was in charge of the Crosthwaite Girls College Infant Department as Montissorri Directoress. I have been many years an educationist. am absolutely guiltless. I did not know the man alleged to be Yashpal as Yashpal nor the fact that he was a proclaimed assconder from Justice or was wanted by the police. I did not harbour him with the intention of preventing his arrest. In fact I had no suspicion of his real identity.

Mrs. Jaffar Ali then went on to say that she met a man named Ramnath in the train in the course of one of her trips to Delhi to see a dentist and that he told her he was an insurance agent and as she was also doing such work she invited him to Allahabad so that she might get some tips. On the night of 22nd January about 11 p.m he came to Allahabad and she put him up.

Mrs. Jaffar Ali then described the raid by the police. Accused said that she would not examine any defence witnesses.—A. P.

ARGUMENTS CONCLUDE IN SAVITRI DEVI CASE

ALLAHABAD, May 18.

Arguments concluded to-day in the case against Savitri Devi, alias Mrs. Jaffar Ali, formerly Alyce Wright, daughter of a Missinoary whose family came from Foulkhebst Castle, Killkenny, Ireland The Judge will charge the jury to-morrow.—A.P.

ADDITIONAL TAX FOR JALGAON?

Financing New Water Scheme

JALGAON, May 17.
(By Mail)

After postponing the matter for three years, the Jalgaon Municipality has decided to raise a loan of Rs. 1,64,000 in order to undertake a scheme of overhauling the main water pipes in the city.

The loan will be raised by the issue of debentures of Rs. 100/ each to be redeemed in 30 years and will carry interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum.

The work will be undertaken as soon as the necessary Government sanction is obtained. This need for this scheme was urgently felt during the last three years so as to secure the fullest advantage out of the Girna Water Scheme which had been completed by the Municipality in May 1929 at a cost of nearly Rs. 6 lakhs. Owing to the defective main pipe system there has been a bad distribution of water and in several thickly populated parts of the city a constant scarcity of water has existed.

At the special meeting at which this decision was taken, it was also resolved to levy a new tax to meet the additional expenditure that will be involved by the above scheme. The general water tax will be raised and a duty will be placed on certain kinds of goods exported from the city whether by rail or other means of transport. Such an additional duty has already been levied on cotton, ground nuts, oil and oil-cakes.—A.P.

MR. DESAI NOT A COMMUNIST

"CHARGE, INCONSISTENT WITH HIS INTIMATE CONNECTION WITH SOCIALISTS", SAYS DEFENCE COUNSEL

(from Our Correspondent)
MEERUT, May 13.

Mr. Sinha concluding his arguments regarding the individual case of Mr. Bannerjee yesterday in the Meerut Conspiracy Case took up several minor points.

Regarding the attendance of Mr. Bannerjee at the All India Railway Men's Federation at Jnaria it was proved with by Mr. Chandrica Prasad and Mr. K. C. Mittra that E.I.R. Union was not affiliated to the Federation, and as such neither Mr. Bannerjee nor Mr. Mittra could vote there. They had attended the meeting of the Federation with the special permission of the Chair.

NOTHING TO DO WITH W.P.P.

Mr. Sinha pointed out that Mr. Bannerjee was not present in the W.P.P. Conference in Calcutta in 1927, nor in the W.P.P. Conference at Bhatipura in 1928, nor in the A.I.W.P.P. meeting in December 1928 nor in the demonstration of the W.P.P. on 23rd December nor in the reception given to Mr. Saklatwala, in fact in none of the Conferences and demonstrations organised by the W.P.P.

In conclusion Mr. Sinha said that though Mr. Bannerjee had been to Moscow, he evidently did not agree with the communists as was clear from his subsequent conduct throughout this long period. The Prosecution had failed to substantiate their case against him. He was not guilty of any conspiracy and therefore should be acquitted.

MR. DESAI'S DEFENCE

While opening the case for Mr. Desai an accused, Mr. Sinha the defence counsel observed that the prosecution case against Mr Desai was different in character from that against others. It was a case of circumstantial evidence of a very extreme form. The Prosecution did not suggest that Mr. Desai was a member either of the Communist Party of India or the Workers and Peasants' Party.

Mr. Desai returned to India towards the end of 1927 and till the beginning of 1929 he was working first on the staff of the "Bombay Chronicle" and later the "Indian National Herald." Although a much travelled man there was no evidence against Mr. Desai of correspondence with any of the alleged foreign co-conspiratorial bodies He was not a member of any Trade Union nor was he connected with any Trade Dispute. Although in 1928 the Labour Trouble dispute was very acute and numerous prosecution witnesses have given evidence about the numerous labour meetings and demonstrations. Mr. Desai was not alleged to be connected with any.

STUDENT OF SOCIAL PROBLEMS

Mr. Sinha remarked that the evidence of Mr. Desai's long and intimate connection with Socialists would be incosistent with the Prosecution charge of Communism; similarly his long standing association with journalism and journalists both in India and England would show that his strating the "spark" was not of a propagandist character but a stage in his career as a journalist. As a member of the staff of two important papers in Bombay he happened to come into contact with persons of different political creeds. The Communist literature found with him could not indicate sympathy with views and ideals expressed therein but his intellectual curiosity. He had been a student of social problems since his university days.

CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE

For judging the value of circumstancial evidence Mr. Sinha drew the attention of the court to the following judicial observations in the case of Ashraf Ali versus King Emperor (vide Calcutta Weekly notes) "That the case rested on circumstantial evidence and before the jury could find the prisoner guilty they had to be satisfied not only that the circumstances were consistent with his having committed the act but that the acts were such as to be inconsistent with any other rational conclusion than that the prisoner was the guilty person."

"No Tax" Leader Jailed

"Inaugurator Of Campaign"

(From A Correspondent)
DHARWAR, May 17.

On the 13th and 14th instant the leader of the "Ankola No-tax" campaign, was put up for trial before Mr. A. S. Mundkar, City Magistrate, Karwar on three charges under 17 (2) Cr. L. Amendment Act, Ordinance 3 S.3, and Press Act S.18 (1). He was charged with having assisted in the management of the K.P.C.C., declared unlawful, with having published unauthorised news-sheets with having preached non-payment of land-revenue in the Ankola Taluka.

ARREST AFTER LONG SEARCH

The trial began with the deposition of the police Sub-inspector of Ankola, who deposed to the various activities of the accused during his stay in the Ankola taluka from 6-1-32 the day of his arrival there to 18-3.32 the day of his arrest. He said that it was principally through his efforts that the no-tax campaign was inaugurated in the Nadvar villages and that it was even now in full swing. He described how the bulletins issued by the accused were stuck to trees and walls and crowds of people were eagerly reading the same. He also described how the accused was arrested at Juga by a police party after a long search of about two months. He put in several copies of bulletins testifying the work done by the accused.

On being asked by the Magistrate accused said that he did not propose to take any part in the proceedings. Charges then were framed against him and the case postponed to the next day for further hearing.

On the 14th instant two Ankola constables were examined. They deposed to the details of his arrest on 18-3-32.

CONVICTED

The Magistrate discharged the accused under S. 17 (2) of the Cr. L. Amendment Act and convicted him to 6 months R.I. and Rs. 50/ fine in default one and half months further R.I. on each of the remaining two charges, the sentences to run consecutively.

The accused was recommended to be placed in B class.

FOR RELIEF OF MYMENSING

Ramkrishna Mission's Appeal

The Secretary of the Ramkrishna Mission, Belur, Howrah, writes:—

The public is well aware of the terrible loss of life and property caused by the recent tornado that passed through a considerable area of the Mymensingh district. On receipt of a telegram from our representative on the 10th inst. arrangements were made to send help. We have embarked on this arduous task relying on the generosity of the public. Though the balance of our Provident Relief Fund has already been depleted, yet we feel that those thousands of afflicted men, women and children must be saved. In the name of suffering humanity we appeal to our kind-hearted countrymen to help us promptly with funds.

Contributions however small will be thankfully received and acknowledged at the following address:—

1. The President, Ramkrishna Mission, Belur Math, Howrah.
2. The Manager, Advaita Ashram, 4 Wellington Lane, Calcutta.
3. The Manager, Udbodhan Office, 1 Mukherjee Lane, Baghbazar, Calcutta.

STEVEN STABBING CASES

RANGOON, May 17.

The first additional magistrate passed orders to-day in the Steven stabbing case, charging Chit Sein under Section 324 I.P.C., with stabbing mill manager Steven on April 19 and fixing the defence hearing for May 31. The accused pleaded not guilty.—A. P.

BACK TO BOMBAY

RANGOON, May 17.

Acting on information from the Bombay police, the local police arrested J. D. Wilson, an Anglo-Indian, alleged to be accountant of Messrs. Wemyss & Co., Bombay on a charge of misappropriation of over Rs. 10,000. He was produced before the Eastern sub-divisional magistrate in the afternoon and it was directed that he should be sent to Bombay to stand his trial there.—A. P.

REBEL LEADER SURRENDERS

RANGOON, May 17.

Pya Gyi, the rebel leader for whose capture a reward of Rs. 500 has been offered, is now reported to have surrendered on May 15 in Pegu with five followers and one gun. Seven villagers, who were found to have been freshly tattooed in Shwebo, have been arrested and are being prosecuted under Section 107, I.P.C. —A. P.

BENGAL'S FINANCES

Governor On Need For Relief

SIMLA, May 18.

It is understood that one of the chief points discussed by the Governor of Bengal with the Government of India related to Bengal's finances and the need for relief to Bengal.

In this connection it is surmised that, the recent discussion about the jute industry and Bengal's claim that jute export is exclusively her trade were prominent in the discussion and that on the score of that claim Bengal may expect a substantial and immediate relief. The terrorist situation in the Province is not considered as beyond control while opportunity was also taken to discuss informally various matters relating to constitutional discussions and the Governor's views on them were welcomed here as refreshing and helpful.—A. P.

Sind Conference

(From A Correspondent)
Karachi, May 18.

It has been decided to hold the Sind Provincial Conference towards the end of May or early in June.

Shrimati Jethi Sipahimalani has been appointed Chairman, Reception Committee, Shewak B. Motwane, General Secretary and Mrs. Goolbai Dastur, Joint Secretary.

Wardha's 33rd "Dictator" Arrested

(From A Correspondent)
WARDHA, May 17.

The 33rd "dictator" of Wardha district Congress committee along with 14 valunteers was arrested to-day in the Neri forests while cutting toddy-trees.

Seven ladies and one volunteer were arrested to-day while picketing at the Railway Station.

FRANCHISE IN C. P.

24 p. c. Adult Population Eligible

(From Our Correspondent).
NAGPUR, May 17.

It is understood that out of a population of 15-1/2 millions, the Lothian Committee has recommended the enfranchisement of 2 million persons out of which 4 lacs will be women. This means that 12 per cent. of the total population and 24 per cent. of the adult population will get the right to vote, thereby increasing the electoral rolls by ten times.

The recommendations have been well received in this province.

RAVAL CEMENT TILES

are made having reduced cement to liquid pull (grout) that is why they are Best and Strongest.

RAVAL & Co.

Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

PILES

CURED IN 7 DAYS.

No operation, no internal medicine—only by the use of pessaries of "PILESORINE" a sure cure is guaranteed. Thousands have been cured. Send a Post Card for free literature.

AQUERINE DEPOT, KARACHI.

PREMIER'S HEALTH IMPROVES

To Convalesce At Lossiemouth

LONDON, May 17.

The Prime Minister has made such good progress since the operation of his right eye that although he was to have remained at the nursing home until Friday his doctors after examination yesterday agreed to allow him to leave London to-morrow for Lossiemouth, his Scottish home, where he will continue his convalescence.

Mr. MacDonald got up yesterday for the first time and visited his eye specialist, Mr. Duke Elder, in Harley Street, and to-day he is going for a short drive. Mr. Duke Elder will accompany him to Scotland.

The King will visit the Home Fleet during July. Although he is to Scotland.—B.O.W.

NEW ZEALAND'S NAVAL DEFENCE

Premier's "No" For British Control

LONDON, May 18.

WELLINGTON.—"The Singapore naval base will definitely be completed and Government does not intend further to curtail Singapore vote" stated Mr. G. W. Forbes, Premier, and "the Government has decided not to accept the Expenditure Commissions" recommendations that New Zealand's naval defence be transferred to the control of the British Government.—Reuter Special.

Patna.—It is understood that Mr. A. S. Khan, Deputy Magistrate, has been appointed to hold a preliminary enquiry into the Patna train derailment case. The enquiry will be held inside the Patna District Jail and will commence from May 21.—A. P.

ASTRONOMERS' MISSION TO QUEBEC

To Photograph Solar Eclipse

RUGBY, May 18.

The Royal Observatory, Greenwich, intends sending two members of its scientific staff, Messrs. Jackson and Davidson, to observe the solar eclipse on August 31 from the town of Parent, Quebec Province, where totality will last about 100 seconds. Elaborate preparations are being made for taking telescopic photographs of the Corona and spectrum. Use will be made of the new Ilford infra red sensitive plates which, by their high speed and freedom from fog, have opened out new possibilities in long distance photography.—B. O. W.

Minister's Tour To Surat

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Director of Information writes:—

The Hon'ble Sir Rustom Vakil, Minister of Local Self-Government will proceed on tour to Surat tomorrow morning and return on May 22.

He will halt at Surat for two days, Friday, May 20, and Saturday, May 21.

BECOME A MASTER of ENGLISH

You can readily become a master of English by taking up the Kleiser Correspondence Course in spare moments. It teaches you how to add thousands of expressive words to your vocabulary—use the right word in the right place—write in a clear, bold and vigorous style that carries conviction—prepare tactful, forceful letters, advertisements, articles, stories and lectures and thus with higher promotion and pay, be a man of culture, power and influence and gain success in life. Has been endorsed by famous writers, editors and thousands of gratified students. Write for FREE particulars to—
THE TUTORIAL INSTITUTE, Head Quarters, Delhi, 33.

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open a SAVINGS BANK account to-day

SPECIAL LIFE POLICIES ISSUED TO SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITORS.

Rupee One per month for a LIFE POLICY OF Rs.500 payable at death. 30 limited payments only.

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"Pressureless Touch"

This unique and exclusive Parker improvement insures writing without effort. There is no fatigue to the hand or the fingers.

For sale at the better stores

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The EASY Writing Pen

Made in U. S. A.

A GOOD BEGINNING FORETELLS SUCCESS

Insure with

THE ARYAN MUTUAL

Life Assurance Society Ltd.

and you obtain

Perfect Security, Economic Management and Efficient Service

For Particulars apply to:

R. L. MUNI & CO., Secretaries.

BANSILAL MANSIONS, Bruce Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

DR. B. N. DESAI, L.M.S. Hydrocel Specialist

(Vadifalia, Surat)

Without Operation

Cures Radically (with one injection)

HYDROCELE

At One Sitting

IN BOMBAY

from 1st to 6th every Month

In SIRDAR GRIHA (HOTEL) Crawford Market

For inquiry or details with certs. send 3 as. Stamps

No More Bug Nuisance.

One cannot destroy all bugs—but one can certainly prevent them successfully from disturbing your quiet sleep by using our new mats. The mats are bug-proof, nut-proof, damp-proof and suit all pockets.

SELLING AGENTS wanted for unrepresented districts.

Please write to:—

Asphalt Products Co., Ltd.,

NARANDAS BUILDING, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY 1.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

NEW YYRK COTTON.

New York, May 17.

May	5.52
July	5.60
October	5.86
December	6.00
January 1933	6.08
March	6.22
Middling Spot	5 65

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 17.

May	5.55
July	5.62
Middling Spot	5.67

NEW YORK.

New York, May 17.

New York. 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time).

May	
July	5.69
October	5.94
January	6 08

New York Noon Call.

May	
July	5.75
October	5.99
January	6.21

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, May 17.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	9,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	1,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	10,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, May 17.

	10-10 a.m. Quotations	To-day's Closing
March 1932		
April 1932		
May 1932	4.37	4.32
June 1932		4.28
July 1932	4.30	4.27
August 1932		4.29
September 1932		4.30
October 1932	4.35	4.31
November 1932		4.33
December 1932		4.35
January 1933	4.41	4.37
February 1933		4.40
March 1933		4.44
April 1933		4.46
May 1933		4.48
July 1933		4.53
Middling Spot		4.60

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 17.

Sakellaridis. May	5.96
July	6.04
October	6.31
November	6.33
December	6.39
January 1933	6.44
March	6.55
May	
F.G.F. Spot	6.20

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 17.

Broach Fully Good (Good Staple)	4.15
Broach Fine (Good Staple)	4.27
Broach Superfine (Good Staple) C.P.	4.39
Oomra Good (No. 1 Staple)	5.01
Oomra Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	5.16
Oomra Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5.31
Bengal Good	3.58
Bengal Fully Good	3.68
Bengal Fine	3.78
Scinde Fully Good	3.68
Scinde Fine	3.78
Scinde Superfine	3.88

LONDON SILVER.

London, May 17.

Silver:—Sellers holding back.

Spot	17-5/16
Forward	17-7/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, May 17.

Bar Gold Fine per oz. £5-13-5

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, May 17.

Interest Day to Day Loans 1 per cent.

Interest 7 Days' Market Loans 1-3/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 3 months 1-63/64 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months 2-1/8 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months 2-3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months 3-1/4 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, May 17.

T T London on Berlin	15.34
T T London on Amsterdam	9.06
T T London on Brussels	26.10
T T London on Madrid	44.93
T T London on Milan	71.09
T T London on Berne	18.71
T T London on Paris	92.78
T T London on Prague	123.50
T T London on New York Closing Rate	3.66-3/8

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, May 17.

Cottonseed Bombay Hull ton: No offers.

Castorseed Bombay Hull ton:—May/June sellers £11-17-6.

Rapeseed Toria, Hull/Continent: May/June sellers £11-0-0.

LINSEED.

London, May 17.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton: May/June sellers £9-8-9.

Linseed La Plata c.i.f. Hull ton: May/June sellers £7-16-3.

Linseed, Bombay (London) ton: May/June sellers £10-17-6.

LINSEED OIL.

London, May 17.

Linseed Oil naked, London cwt. June/Aug. sellers 13/4½.

Linseed Oil naked, London cwt. Sept./Dec. sellers 14/3.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, May 17.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed lb. Spot: 2.

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE.

London, May 17.

Rozaria Santa Fe, per 64 lb. Cargoes:—May/June paid & sellers 26/9.

Barletta Russo per 64 lb. Cargoes:—May/June sellers 27/9.

Wheat South Australian parcels: May/June sellers 27/6.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, Parcels:—June/July sellers 28/3.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

London, May 17.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C & F. Calcutta:—May/June per cwt. 7/9.

C and F Bombay:—May/June per cwt. 7/9-1/2.

C and F Karachi:—May/June per cwt. 7/9-1/2.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, May 17.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 8-3/8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London, May 17.

	£
Chartered Bank of I A. & C.	11-1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register)	102
P. & O. Banking Corporation	6
Funding Loan 4 per lent	100-1/8
Conversion Loan 3½ per cent	89-5/8
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent	44-1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan	60
Indian Stock 3½ per cent Sterling Loan	70
Indian Stock 4½ per cent Sterling Loan	92
Consols 2½ per cent	65-5/8
War Loan 5 per cent	101-3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	100-1/4

LONDON METALS.

London, May 17.

	£
Copper Baziers	41-1/2
Yellow Metal	35
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	12-5/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge	9-3/8
Tin English Ingots	121-3/4

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, May 17.

Demand Bills 3.66-1/4

'Pebeco' is different from other toothpastes!
PEBECO TOOTH PASTE
PEBECO TOOTH PASTE
PEBECO TOOTH PASTE
PEBECO No 650
'PEBECO' cleans the teeth and safeguards your health at the same time

MONEY MARKET

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 18.

B.C. Rate T.T. 1/5 7/8.

B.C. Rate D D 1/5 7/8.

LONDON:—

Banks Selling T. T. 1/5 29/32 May.

Banks Selling D. D. 1/5 29/32.

Banks Selling T T 1/5 7/8 15th June.

Banks Buying T T 1/5 31/32.

Banks Buiyng D D 1/6.

Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 3/32 May

Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 1/16 June.

Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 1/32 Monsoon.

NEW YORK:—

B. C. Rate T T 369.

Banks Selling T T 368.

Banks Buying T T 363.

PARIS:—

Banks Selling D D 690.

Banks Buying D D 705.

AMSTERDAM:—

Banks Selling D D 97 1/4.

JAPAN:—

Banks Selling T T 117.

Banks Buying 60 Days 113.

HONGKONG:—

Banks Selling D D 88 7/8

SHANGHAI:—

Banks Selling D D 114 1/4

SINGAPORE:—

Banks Selling D D 155 7/8.

JAVA:—

Banks Selling D D 67 5/8.

CROSS RATE—

New York-London 3.66 1/4 17th inst.

Shanghai-London 1/8 1/2 18th inst.

Japan-London 1/8 3/4 17th. inst.

London-Paris 92.75 17th inst.

London-Belgium 26.00 17th inst.

London-Switzerland 18.75 17th inst.

London-Italy 71.00 17th inst.

London-Berlin 15.26 17th inst.

London-Holand 9.02 17th inst.

London-Stockholm 19.60 17th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange.—Steady.

Gold £5-13-5 17th inst.

Silver London Ready 17 5/16 17th inst.

Silver London Forward 17 7/16 17th inst.

Silver New York Ready 28 3/4 17th inst.

London Discounts 3 Mos. 1 7/32 per cent. 17th inst.

London Discounts 6 Mos. 1 1/2 per cent. 17th inst.

Imperial Bank Rate 5 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2-1/2 per cent.

Money:—Call 3 1/2 per cent.

3 Mos. 3-1/2 per cent.

6 Mos. 3-1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Steady.

PARAGOL

For comfortable and easy bowel movement to those who are suffering from chronic constipation and attendant troubles—

PARAGOL

is prescribed with utmost confidence. It is an emulsion of purest paraffin oil and agar-agar.

PARAGOL

can be taken as it is, mixed with water or any semi-solid food. There is nothing disagreeable in it.

Bombay Agents:—

ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Princess Street.

BENGAL CHEMICAL & PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS. LD., CALCUTTA.

Apparel OftProclaims the Man!!

Ladies' and Gentlemen's garments scientifically Cleaned, Dyed, Laundered or Renovated (clothes returned as required) by up-to-date methods under the personal supervision of T. A. G. McDONNELL, the Mg. Director, who has over 22 YEARS of EXPERT EXPERIENCE in this BUSINESS.

Price List on Application.

A Trial Order Will Convince You

IRISH CLEANING COMPANY,

78, Old Custom House Road, Fort,

Near "Bombay Chronicle," BOMBAY.

Calcutta Stock Exchange

(By Our Correspondent).

CALCUTTA, Thursday.

JUTE:—In sympathy with a better hessian market, this section opened steady on Monday after the week-end and a fair turnover resulted. Howrahs opened at Rs. 30|10 and Kamarhattys at Rs 302, and both fluctuated within narrow limits. On Tuesday morning, the market opened firm and as the session progressed more buying power developed in the expectation of a satisfactory settlement between the Association and non-Association mills regarding their working hours. But when it was known that the settlement was actually arrived at in the Government House Conference and that the non-Association mills have agreed to work 54 hours per week for a period of 12 months and that the Association mills will work 40 hours per week during that period prices gave way. This outcome of the Jute Mills Association Conference was considered unsatisfactory by the market and as a result rates reacted sharply closing easy at the lowest of the week. Howrahs closed at Rs. 30|6 and Kamarhattys at Rs. 290. Clives were quoted at Rs. 19|3; National at Rs. 16|4 and Hukumchands at Rs. 17|4.

Among the higher-priced denominations, Alliances were quoted at Rs. 168, Bally at Rs. 99, Gouripore at Rs. 204, Kinnison at Rs. 495 and Kankannarah at Rs. 270.

The hessian market kept quiet, the turnover easier. Jute also were weak. The tendency of the market at the moment, was uncertain.

COTTON:—Dull conditions have obtained in this section and no transaction was reported. Kesoram (ord.) may be placed at Rs 2|14 and New Victoria (ord.) at Rs. 1|6.

COALS:—The position here is unchanged, and only a limited turnover resulted at lower levels. Bengal Nagpur (ord.) were dealt in at Rs. 34|8. Burrakur (ord.) at Rs. 8|8. East Indian at Rs. 6|12 and Equitable at Rs. 12|8.

Among the lower-priced issues Bengal Bhatdee changed hands at Rs. 1|6, Nodiha at Rs. 2|15, South Karanpura at Rs. 1|2 and Talcher at As. 14.

Latest reports from the coalfields indicate that there is only a small demand for "spot" coal while on the other hand the stocks are mounting up heavily.

MISCELLANEOUS:—There has been no feature of outstanding interest reported in this section Iron and Steel issues have been quiet. Bengal Iron changed hands at Rs. 1|14 and Indian Iron and Steel at Rs. 3|7. Engineering shares were neglected and a small business was reported in Electricals. Some enquiry was, however in evidence for paper shares and Titaghur Paper (ord.) changed hands at Rs. 9|8 and deferreds at Rs. 3|2. Bengal Paper may be quoted round Rs. 48.

Profit-taking was distinctly visible in sugar shares and prices now quoted are below the best. Cawnpore (ord.) was dealt in at Rs. 30|4, Carew & Co. at Rs. 14|3, Champaran at Rs. 24|4, New Savan at Rs. 15|12 and Samastipur at Rs. 16|4.

Among others, Midnapore Zemindary changed hands at Rs. 57, Triton Insurance at Rs. 129, Madan Theatres at Rs. 1|4 and British Ceylon Corporation (ord.) at Rs. 5|12.

BANKS & RAILWAYS:—Imperial Bank's fully paid ups were dealt in at Rs. 1,000 and Contributories at Rs. 241|8. No business was reported in other banks' shares.

Only a small turnover resulted in Light Railways shares. Darjeeling-Himalayan (ord.) changed hands at Rs. 84 and Sara Serajgunj were dealt in at Rs. 60.

GOVT. SECURITIES:—The section ruled steady during the period under review and a fair business was put through. 3-1|2 per cent. Government Paper advanced half a point and are now quoted at Rs. 62|14; 4 per cent. Loan (1960-70) also improved to Rs. 69-12 from a quotation of Rs. 69|1; 5 per cent. Loan (1945-55) were also better at Rs. 99|12.

Among other loans 4-1|2 per cent. Loan (1955-60) changed hands at Rs. 79|6; 5 per cent. Loan (1929-47) at Rs. 92|10 and 5 per cent. Loan (1939-44) at Rs. 94.

5 per cent. Bonds (1935) were quoted at Rs. 100; 1935s at Rs. 97|10 and 6 per cent. Bonds (1933-36) at Rs. 100|4.

The bank rate remained unchanged at 5 per cent. with the percentage at as against the week before.

TEAS:—Only a few isolated deals were registered in this section at last listed rates. Mohema (ord.) were quoted at Rs. 10|2 and Naga Hills at Rs. 8|12.

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MASTERFUL INNINGS BY WOOLEY

BOWLERS ON TOP IN COUNTRY PLATCHES

LONDON, May 17.

Bowlers were again on top in the county cricket matches to-day and the performances of Freeman, Geary and Sibbles were particularly notable.

Freeman took 13 wickets for 96 runs while Geary captured eleven Northants' wickets for little less than seven runs each, in the Northants' two innings.

Sibbles again caused Yorkshire's collapse and his analysis for both the innings was 129 wickets for 68 runs. Sutcliffe was forty minutes at the wicket. He was out the first over after hitting a four and his chief strokes were one a six and five fours.

Following his dismissal, three Yorkshire wickets fell for the total of ten runs, but Leyland put up a stand and hitting out very powerfully scored 43 out of 57, one six and five four's being included in his total.

Wooley and Ames (Kent), playing bright cricket, put on 153 in 85 minutes for the third wicket. Wolley played a masterful innings and in addition to one six reached the boundary seven times.

County Cricket

LONDON, May 17.

Following are the results of county cricket matches which began on Saturday:—

ESSEX vs. WORCESTERSHIRE

Essex won on the first innings. Worcester 206 and 144. (Pearce 4 for 12.) Essex 222 (Daer 59) and 21 for 2.

SOMERSET vs. HAMPSHIRE.

Somerset won by 10 wickets. Hampshire 135 and 77 (J. Lee 5 for 37). Somerset 173 and 43 for nil.

DERBYSHIRE vs. WARWICKSHIRE.

Derby won by 123 runs. Derby 108 and 214 for 7 declared. (Paine 4 for 69). Warwick 111 and 88. (Armstrong 5 for 27.)

GLOUCESTER vs. KENT.

Kent won by 150 runs. Kent 167 and 208 for 2 declared. (Woolley not out 90; Ames not out 68). Gloucester 94 and 131 (Freeman 6 for 59).

YORKSHIRE vs. LANCASHIRE.

Lancashire won by an innings and 50 runs. Lancashire 263. Yorkshire 46 and following on 167. (Sutcliffe 61; Sibbles 5 for 58.)

LEICESTERSHIRE vs. NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.

Leicester won by an innings and 185 runs. Leicester 433; Northants 152 (Geary 6 for 57), and followed on 101 (Geary 5 for 17; Astill 4 for 39).

NOTTS vs. SURREY.

Notts won on the first innings. Surrey 108. Notts 256 for 7. There was no play to-day in this match.

MIDDLESEX vs. SUSSEX.

Sussex won on the first innings. Middlesex 128. Sussex 184 for 9. There was no play in this match to-day.—Reuter's Special.

DAVI'S CUP

Italy Beats Spain

ROME, May 17.

In the Davis Cup Italy eliminated Spain by four matches to one, thus qualifying to meet the winner of the match between Monaco and Switzerland in the third round.

THE FIRST FRENCH FILM IN BOMBAY

"A Night Raid In Paris"

(By Our Art and Dramatic Critic.)

Not often can one find in the 'first city' of India films which arouse one's intellectual curiosity. There has been, no doubt, perceptible variety in the films hitherto exhibited in the city. But the diffused variety of the exhibited films has seldom the distinction of definite higher standard or taste. On the contrary, the average of the exhibited films would reveal in its cheap variety entertainment values of standardised, mechanical pattern.

The exhibition of "Un Soir De Raffle" ("A Night Raid in Paris") arranged at the Capitol on Tuesday morning by M. E. Levy of "La Societe Des Films Osso," Paris as a special Press view could, decidedly, be accepted as a distinct feature film for the exhibitor as well as for the film-goer.

The story has little of the unusual in it. It depicts the romance of a boxer, the devotion of a simple-minded, honest girl. But the acting of Albert Prejean and of Annabella lifts the common story out of the common rut of screen drama. What is immediately and vividly noticeable in this French film is, the light, almost imperceptible but effective touch of the Director, the element of unmistakable tenderness with which the love story is unfolded on the screen. And, as the director, M. Carmine Gallone does not force his presence or assistance, he creates the spontaneous atmosphere congenial for the gay vivacity of the lovers. If the singing of Albert Prejean is infectious the reticent, instinctive acting of Annabella creates the human illusion of life. She is not, like most of the screen celebrities, acting for the camera. There are no mannerisms with her. There is no artificial projection of emotions. She is what the author of the story meant her to be, a devoted lover, incapable of attitudes.

We miss here the set recipes and formulas stereotyped by the films usually exhibited in the city. That is the distinction of this French film. It is, however, not the only distinction. There are other positive qualities as well. The photography is purposive, not merely clever. The dialogue is minimised and adjusted almost perfectly with the skilled silent technique which preserves its qualities as a live photo-play.

SECTARIANISM IS IRRELIGIOUS

Sir Mirza Ismail Warns Mahratta Conference

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE, May 16.

Opening the First session of the Mahratta conference at Bangalore yesterday, Sir Mirza M. Ismail, Dewan of Mysore, sounded a note of warning against Community Conference conducted in a spirit of separateness of hostility, even of defensiveness, and opined that such conferences would not be of use to any one, and to the State they would be a very serious injury.

"There is no hope, no future, for a community that cannot see beyond its own good. This is partly a religious matter. No one honestly professing Hinduism can escape the doctrine that all communities within that are essentially one. The separatist feeling is definitely irreligious."

MAHARAJAH'S EXAMPLE

Sir Mirza Ismail continuing said:—

Nor does Hinduism permit one to regard even people of other religions as alien. The deeper the harmony between the Hindu and the Christian or the Mussalman the more truly Hindu he is. May I venture to cite to you the shining example of our own Sovereign who is as devoted to his own religion as he is friendly towards others?

But the co-operative unity of which I am thinking, and which is far more positive than toleration is not merely sanctioned and commanded by religion. It is a social and a national necessity. Everything in our country's future, from material prosperity to political progress, and the fulfilling of India's spiritual destiny, depends upon it."

"What we need most of all is a higher socialisation of the race, and a spirit which, instead of cherishing and sanctifying traditional differences, is always seeking points of contact and emphasising the large identical interests rather than the little separate ones. We can never do anything unless we cease to believe that sectarianism is religion, and that caste aggressiveness is reconcilable with national prosperity."

ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT

Heavy Rainfall Likely In Malabar

POONA, May 18.

The trough of low pressure which was extending from Sind to the Punjab yesterday in filling up after causing a few light showers in Kashmir, North-West Frontier Province, East and North Punjab, Baluchistan and East Rajputana. Conditions remain slightly unsettled in south-west Bay of Bengal, and weather is also becoming disturbed in southeast Arabian Sea, off Malabar where a temporary advance of monsoon may occur. Nearly general thunderstorm rain has occurred in Malabar, Mysore and North Madras Coast with a few falls in southeast Madras, Madras Deccan and Bombay Deccan. A few thunder-showers also occurred in Lower Burma, Assam, Chota Nagpur and West Central Provinces. The temperature is above normal in Upper Burma, and Bihar and markedly below it along Coromandel Circars coast and in Madras Deccan.

Chief amounts of rainfall:—Amherst two; Tavoy a half; Shillong three-quarters; Jubbulpore, Pachmarhi a quarter; Miranshah three-quarters; Sonamarg a half; Udaipur a quarter; Trichinopoly six; Cochin, Mercara three; Nellore two; Trivendrum one and a half; Calicut, Vellore, Coconada one; Mysore, Masulipatam three-quarters, Cuddapah a half; Poona, Mahabaleshwar, Mangalore, Vizagapatam, Kodaikanal a quarter.

Forecast.—Rainfall will increase in Malabar and continue in the rest of Madras Presidency, Central Provinces, Bengal, Assam and Lower Burma and in Kashmir.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING.

Locally heavy rain is likely in Coorg, Malabar and the adjoining parts of the southeast Madras during the next thirty-six hours.

Earthquake report.—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 500 miles away was recorded by the Bombay Seismographs at 19 hours 25 minutes (I. S. T.) on Tuesday the 17th May.—A.P.

Powers Do Nothing

HUMBUG AT THE ARMS CONFERENCE

The Paris Edition of the "Chicago Tribune" writes:—

The illusions which appear to be accepted as realities in the proposals and proceedings at the Arms Conference indict either the intelligence or the sincerity of the conferees. They are assuming that certain weapons have a particularly offensive character as compared with others and that mechanical limitations will restrain a nation from aggression, or, if that restran fails, will enable the innocent nation to protect itself more easily and to better advantage.

It ought not to be necessary to remind any one that the nations went into the World War with equipment which was largely obsolete within six months. The military fondness for antiquities clung to incongruous uniforms, to ineffective shells, such as shrapnel and to antiquated cavalry. The weapons the statesmen now propose to abolish were extemporized by military scientists as the War went on. They were used at first without faith or confidence and without preparation to capitalize their successes.

It was disclosed, as in the case of gas, that a convention against its use was worthless. National emergency was the controlling factor, and it always will be, unless the restraint is provided by some human instinct which prevails in spite of danger. A civilized people might refuse, even at the risk of defeat, to poison an enemy's food or drinking water, but not refuse to use any mechnical device—gas shells, tanks, high explosives, big guns, etc.—if the use of them, regardless of agreements, could be expected to bring success or avert defeat.

MILITARY STATUS.

The essence of the military status of Europe is that in tim of peace the countries maintain wartime armies. Germany is restricted to a small army, but the other nations are on virtually a war footing all the time with conscripted youth and regimented reserves. Armies are not raised to fight wars, as they always have been in the United States, but are maintained as the supposed requisites of peace.

Europe, with the exception of Germany, is organized to fight at the drop of the hat. For years before 1914 it was inevitable that the hat would be dropped, and diplomacy, reconciled to the inevitability and tired of the waiting and the strain, said it might as well be then as any other time. The treaty of peace re-wrote all the terms which governed before the War and kept alive two reasons for another fight where one had existed before.

It is humbug to search for peace among the mechanical devices of war when each country figures out its future by counting bayonets and making alliances. The absence of tanks and gas from military equipment in 1914 did not prevent that war, nor has statesmanship done a thing since then to prevent another.

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WHEN CABINET MINISTERS WRANGLE

(Continued from page 4).

soon developed into an unseemly wrangle. The House looked on, amazed and shocked. Mr. Maxton rose to move the adjournment of the House so that a Cabinet meeting could be held. The suggestion provoked laughter and uproar from all sides of the House.

Turning towards the Speaker, the Clydesider said: "I want to ask you, sir, whether it is in keeping with the traditions of this House that its time should be taken up with cross-talk on the Treasury Bench." Another I.L. Peer suggested that the House should adjourn "so that these men settle their differences outside."

Poor Sir Herbert leant back with flushed and pathetic face in his seat. Mr. Runciman tried to make amends for his conduct by making humorous references to Sir Herbert. Though his was not a brilliant effort the Tory Back Benchers laughed as they will laugh at anything aimed at Sir Herbert. At this stage Mr. Maxton shouted: "Fit for a music-hall—that is all it is."

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JUTE MILL DEADLOCK

Efforts At Settlement

CALCUTTA, May 18.

It is officially announced that in connection with the dispute in jute mill industry, His Excellency the Governor met the representatives of the Chambers of Commerce and Jute Mills Association again this morning.

Certain modifications of the proposals for a settlement drawn up at the last meeting were considered and the basis on which it is hoped an agreement will be reached was formulated.—A. P.

Exports Of Raw Jute In April

CALCUTTA, May 14.

(By Mail).—According to the returns received in the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, the total exports of raw jute from Bengal during April 1932 amounted to 192,606 bales of 400 lbs each of which 191,705 bales were exported from Calcutta and 901 bales from Chittagong. In April 1930 and 1931 the exports totalled 239,915 and 254,576 bales respectively, the shipments from Calcutta being 239,025 and 252,330 bales and the remainder from Chittagong.—A.P.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Calcutta.—According to the latest returns received in the Provincial Public Health Department, Calcutta and four districts in Bengal showed an increase in deaths from cholera during the week ended May 7. The number in Calcutta rose from 42 to 58, Hooghly 20 to 21, Howrah 23 to 33, Tippera 23 to 35 and Noakhali 11 to 23.—A.P.

Patna.—A tragedy, resulting in the loss of a life, occurred at the Pearl Cinema. It is reported that while the cinema show was in progress yesterday in the night, the machine accidentally caught fire. The assistant operator, who was at work at that time, was caught in the flames as a result of which his whole body was badly burnt.—A.P.

Behrampur, (Bengal).—Three out of four young men who were arrested and detained in connection with the attempted Tiera Ghari robbery near Behrampur railway station, have been discharged. The case will be tried by a special Magistrate within the Behrampur Jail Compounds on May 20 and the hearing has been fixed for May 23.—A.P.

DAPPER STOWAWAY POSES AS DUKE

NEW YORK, (By Mail.)

How a suave, dapper young stowaway fooled wealthy passengers on the Ile de France for four days became known when the French liner arrived and the offender was trundled off to the immigration station on Ellis Island.

By night he slept in a dog kennel deep down in the hold and afternoons he would make his appearance on the promenade deck, clad smartly and twirling a little waxed mustache. He introduced himself as the Grand Duke Michael Romanoff of Russia, and passengers believed him. In the evening he would loiter in the saloons in immaculate dinner clothes.

Gullible acquaintances, impressed by the self-endowed title, would buy him meals, sandwiches and champagne. His most successful coup, however, won for him two nights of better sleeping quarters. He actually spent two nights in first class cabins, telling the steward he had lost his own cabin key.

The "Duke" found no difficulty with the language problem. Several passengers tried to speak to him in Russian. He waved off the flow of his supposedly native tongue. "No, no" he would say. "I must learn your English."

It was only through an accident that he was discovered after four days of successful posing. Edward Cudhay, Jr., son of the multimillionaire meat packer of Chicago, casually mentioned the "Duke" to Captain Biancart. The Captain had the stowaway brought before him and summarily threw him into the brig. For the next two days of his trip his erstwhile companions saw no more of him until, before startled eyes, he was unceremoniously hauled down the gang plank and taken to Ellis Island.

Denying he had posed as a Duke the stowaway told the immigration authorities he was a resident of New York and of Russian descent.

Youth Leaguer Gets 2 Years

POONA, May 18

A local Youth League and Congress worker who was recently brought from Sholapur, where he was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for assisting in Congress activities was sentenced by the Cantonment Magistrate, Poona, to-day to two years' imprisonment and Rs. 50 fine for disobeying the order of the District Magistrate, Poona, requiring him not to leave the Cantonment limits without the permission of the Police Inspector.—A.P.

Sha Hurgowan A. Desai's Charities

The Secretary of the above institution in the course of the annual report for 1931, says:—

During 1931 Messrs. D.B. Krishnalal M. Jhaveri, R.B. Chunilal H. Setalvad, R.S. Maganlal D. Khakhar, J.P., Miralal M. Munshi and Kishordas P. Mangaldas acted as Trustees of the Charities.

On 1st January 1931 the Trustees had with them a balance of Rs. 2,36,021-7-2; adding to this the sum of Rs. 84,893-0-11 as received from rents of the Trust properties, interest on Government Securities, deposits received from Boarders, tenants and for the use of wadi and miscellaneous receipts etc., the total amounted to Rs. 3,20,914-8-1.

Deducting from this, the sum of Rs. 86,374-13-3 spent for the Boarding Institution, payments to Widows and Orphans, Sadavarat Shree Gokalnathjee Temple at Mangrol, properties taxes, Insurance premia, return of deposits to tenants, boarders the sums received for the use of Wadi, payment made for construction of Building work at corner of Bhuleshwar and Pinjrapole streets, etc., there was a net balance of Rs. 2,34,536-10-5 on 31-12-1931 of which Rs. 2,32,222-10-9 have been invested in Government Securities.

On the death of Mr. Kishordas P. Mangaldas, Mr. Pranjiwandas M. Goradia was appointed a trustee during the year under report.

BELGAUM TENNIS

Ghorpade And Doss Win Doubles

BELGAUM, May 17.

Following are the results of the matches further played in the Belgaum Open Championship Tennis Tournament:—

SINGLES (SEMI-FINALS)

Bobb beat Gonsalves 6/8, 6/2, 6/1.

Ghorpande beat Jamkhandi 6/4, 6/2.

DOUBLES (SEMI-FINALS).

Pereira and Khardekar beat Bobb and Gonsalves 6/4, 6/4.

DOUBLES (FINAL)

Ghorpade and Doss beat Pereira and Khardekar 6/2, 3/6, 6/2.—A.P.

CLINIC WILL ADVISE NEWLYWEDS

NEW YORK, (By Mail.)

Designed to attempt a scientific solution of family problems from the altar to the grave a nonsectarian organization, endorsed and assisted by promnent clergymen, physicians, lawyers, teachers and social workers, has been established here by Dr. Victor Cox Pedersen, consulting neurologist, sociologist, and noted author on medical subjects.

The organisation plans to set up clinics where advice on all marital and domestic problems will be at the disposal of the inquirers. Consultative medical facilities also will be provided to correct domestic maladjustments and furnish young people with pre-marital counsel.

Some 10,000 clinics over the United States are expected to be established the first year. There will be no charge to those seeking the advice who are unable to pay. Otherwise the fees will vary from 50 cents to a dollar, according to the means of the advice seekers.

The main objects of the clinic are described as the "promotion of happy marriages and successful parentage and the prevention of unfit alliances by complete premarital physical and mental examinations; also the instruction of men and women regarding misinformation concerning the spiritual, social, and sexual sides of of wedlock, conducing to mutual understanding and happiness."

The institute is incorporated under the New York State Laws as the "Philanthropic Corporation for Personal Service in Public Education and for General Research as to the Psychological, Mental, Genetic, Social, Legal and Religious Problems of the Family."

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BOMBAY THURSDAY, MAY 19, 1932

ENGAL GOVERNOR'S DOUBLE BATTLE

Dealing With Terrorists And Rallying Public Opinion

SUCCESSFUL MISSION TO SIMLA—"HE CAME AND CONQUERED"

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, May 18

[illegible] considerable speculation [illegible] regarding the object of the visit of the Bengal Governor and Governor of U. P. and the Punjab. It seems that the question of Ordinances did not figure so large in the discussions as that of communal and communal [illegible] and that Bengal's problem required and received special attention. The fact that Sir John Anderson came with his Finance Member showed that financial matters also required immediate and earnest attention. I have sounded opinion in various quarters, and all are agreed that Sir John Anderson has created here the best impression by his ability, earnestness and grasp of the problems that he has to tackle, and that his line was different and original from the one hitherto pursued by Bengal's official advocates. According to these circles, Sir John has visualised the problem as a whole, and has given the terrorist movement its due place.

TWO-FOLD PROBLEMS.

It seems that the real problem that Bengal Government has to tackle is twofold—firstly, to see that it is put on a financial footing of stability through equitable treatment from the Central Government and secondly, that its policy and acts bring round public opinion. But it is argued that the two problems go together, and that without finances, beneficient activities cannot be pursued and public good promoted, and that when this is done and certain public grievances are allayed through certain acts which are overdue, there should be created such opinion as should strongly side with the Government in meeting the Terrorist menace.

RALLYING PUBLIC OPINION.

For this purpose, it is stated that a definite line of policy has been chalked out by the Bengal Governor, but its exact details would not be available, till he has gone back and consulted his council.

So far it is known that Sir John Anderson displayed here such knowledge not only of political and communal issues and their reactions but of financial principles that he is reported to have established a strong case for immediate relief to Bengal through recognition of her principal right to share from trade which essentially is of Bengal with outside world, and which does not concern other parts of India. It is difficult to say, considering the Central Government's financialdifficulties and embarrassments, what the ultimate result of this representation will be; but that the Bengal Governor made out a case to which the Government of India found it difficult to answer, is the general impression left by the Governor's visit.

"STRONG MAN'S" CASE.

As Sir John Anderson commands the special respect of the British Cabinet, his views on subjects like the vital need of having an All-India Bill including central responsibility and a judicial view of the communal question were also impressive. Indeed, the Governor of Bengal has certainly caused here pleasant surprise by his views and strength of feeling and has given help to the Government of India in handling with wisdom issues of communal and constitutional importance which are now on the anvil and which have to be shortly decided upon with a view to appraise London of what Simla thinks about them.

The Bengal Governor is reported to be a strong man, and the general opinion here is that he having taken up such an attitude as he is reported to have taken, he is not likely to be deflected from that course easily by local influences and prejudices. But political circles here hold that the best course would be to wait and watch and give him a chance to prove by deeds his progressive intentions and judicial feelings, before he is judged critically. Certainly, for the moment, it can be said to his credit that "he came and conquered."

BENGAL GOVERNOR BACK FROM SIMLA

Jute Conference At Govt. House

CALCUTTA, May 18

The Governor and party arrived from Simla by the Punjab Mail. It is understood that the Jute Conference will be held at the Government House at 10-30 this morning.—A. P.

LINDBERGH BABY CASE SENSATION

Millionaire's Hoax For Money

FULL CONFESSION ABOUT "NEGOTIATIONS"

HOPEWELL, NEW JERSEY, May 17.

Sensation has been caused in the Lindbergh baby case by the announcement of Mr. Schwartzkopf, chief of the New Jersey State Police, that Mr. Curtis, the millionaire boat-builder who was alleged to be negotiating with the kidnappers, had confessed that the negotiations were ahoax and that they were the creation of his imagination.

Mr. Scwartzkopf added that Mr. Curtis typed out a full confession at 4 a.m., after hours of questioning, in which he alleged that the newspapers had made him a very lucrative offer for an exclusive story. Offers had also been made by a film company.

Mr. Schwartzkopf commented that the deception had resulted in many fruitless trips by road, sea and air and kept Col. Lindbergh away from home during the most important phase of the case.

Mr. Curtis, in the course of his confession, declared that he had not been himself for the past seven months owing to financial troubles.

The boat-building firm of which the "millionaire" Curtis was the head, became bankrupt a year ago.—Reuter.

ROGUES' GALLERY

NEW YORK, May 17.

Twenty pictures from the Rogues' Gallery in Bronx District, New York, have been taken home by Dr. Condon, University professor who acted as a go between in the negotiations with the supposed kidnappers of the Lindbergh baby. In an effort to identify, the men with whom he came into contact, Dr. Condon examined one thousound pictures in the gallery and after selecting twenty for a closer study, remarked: "We are hot on something."—Reuter.

LINDBERGHS CANCEL EUROPE TRIP

Mrs. Lindbergh has decided after all to remain at her house in Hopewell, New Jersey, for the birth of her second child. Col. and Mrs. Lindbergh had talked of going to Europe to forget their affliction have eventually decided to stay in the United States.—Reuter.

Dacoits Battered And Speared

ANGARIA MAIL ROBBERY SEQUEL

NADARIPUR, May 18.

While committing a mail robbery at Angaria yesterday morning, three men, Jogneswar Das, Indubhusan Chatterji and Jogeschandra Chakravarty of Madaripur, alleged absconders, and Jyoti Mitra of Dhipur, Dacca, were arrested on the other side of the river. It is stated that yesterday morning, when after the arrival at Madaripur of the mail steamer the mail runner was boarding it, the dacoits threw dust in his eyes and snatched the mail bags. Finding escape by land impossible, the dacoits rowed across the river followed by the villagers who overtook them in a field and attacked them. One of the dacoits was speared through the abdomen and another had his head battered. The villagers then brought the robbers back to Angaria beating them mercilessly all the way. Police intervening saved the lives of the raiders, three of whom are lying in the hospital in a precarious condition.—A. P.

BOMBAY ECHO AT NASIK

Taboots' Peaceful Exit

NASIK, May 18.

News of the communal disturbances in Bombay caused considerable apprehension here yesterday as it was Muharram Day, the day on which Taboots are taken out in procession. In order to avoid trouble the district superintendent of police convened a meeting of the leaders of Hindus and Mahomedans and it was arranged that the Hindus should be allowed a certain time for worship at the Vithoba Temple and the Mahomedan's procession should not pass by the temple till afterwards.

Great crowds gathered at the temple but both parties loyally abided by the agreement and everything passed off quietly. The police have had an anxious time and have been on duty in the city continuously for 72 hours.—A. P.

EXTRA POLICE FOR MIDNAPORE

DARJEELING, May 17.

The Associated Press understands that the Government of Bengal intend to post additional police in Midnapore town at an early date at the expense of the inhabitants in view of the revolutionary activities.—A.P.

BATALA MOTOR CRASH

Hundreds Of Mourners Attend Funeral Of Col. Battye

LAHORE, May 18.

Major R. N. Aylward, who was seriously injured in the motor crash at Batala, has been brought to the Albert Victor Hospital, Lahore, where he passed a good night.

The funeral of Col. Battye was attended by hundreds of mourners, including the Punjab Government and railway officials, and a large number of members of the engineering profession. The Governor was represented by Mr. Alan Mitchell, Commissioner of Lahore.—A. P.

DEAD WASHED OUT OF GRAVES

Storm Havoc In Rhineland

COLOGEN, May 17.

Vineyards and orchards in the Rhineland have suffered severely from thunderstorms. These have been so violent that bodies in the Churchyards of Ruebenock have been washed out of their graves.

Five persons in the village of Guel, near Coblenz, have been killed by the collapse of flooded houses, while twentyfive persons praying in a church were trapped by the flood but rescued by the police through the roof.—Reuter.

BELGIAN CABINET RESIGNS

BRUSSELS, May 17.

The Catholic-Liberal Coalition Cabinet under M. Renkin, which has been in office since June last, is resigning to-morrow as it is unable to settle the language question.—Reuter.

Premier To Recoup Health At Lossiemouth

RUGBY, May 18.

The Prime Minister went for a motor drive in the country today. He returned to the nursing home to-night, but will leave tomorrow and after spending some time at Downing Street, he will travel by the night train to Lossiemouth, Scotland, to complete his convalescence. He will be away about three weeks, returning to London in time to prepare for the Lausanne Conference which opens on June 16.—B. O. W.

KILLED BY REDS

Fate Of Lighthouse Keeper

SHANGHAI, May 17.

Bullet-riddled bodies of the lighthouse keeper Edwards, and his Russian confrere Andreianov, who were captured at Amoy on February, 29, have been discovered after several fruitless searches by British and Chinese naval forces.

Communists recently negotiated for their release but it is believed that, as in the Lindbergh baby case, they were murdered before the negotiations were opened.

Edwards' wife and children were released shortly after their capture.—Reuter.

JAPANESE OCCUPY ILAN

Capture Of Insurgent's Stronghold

LONDON, May 18.

Harbin.—The town of Ilan, hitherto the principal base of the insurgents of Manchuria has been occupied by the Japanese. The capture which is considered an important victory in the campaign of suppression of the elements hostile to Manchukuo Government followed on the massacre there yesterday, of 35 Japanese.—Reuter.

Australian Premier Appointed P. C.

RUGBY, May 18.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of the appointment of the Hon. Joseph Lyons, Prime Minister of Australia, to be a member of His Majesty's Privy Council.—B. O. W.

NEWSPAPER TAX IN FREE STATE

Preference For English Dailies

LONDON, May 17.

It is learned on reliable authority in Dublin to-day that all English daily newspapers will be exempted from the newspapers tax, announced in the Irish Free State budget, which came into force last Wednesday, but the exemption will not apply to Sunday newspapers.

It is also understood that the tax will be reduced from three half-pence to a penny and the preferntial rate from a penny to three farthings.

Will Lothian Resign?

Differences With Hoare On Ordinance Issue

LONDON, May 15.

At the Conciliation Group Conference, Prof. Laski suggested if there was no change soon in the Government's policy, friends of India might urge Lord Lothian to resign his office as a protest. Such action would impress public opinion more than press propaganda.

Anyhow Lord Lothian's position seems likely to become uncomfortable as the Conservatives are strongly objecting to certain implications of his recent statement.

Writing to "The Daily Herald", Prof. Laski asks: "Is it a hopeful sign that Lord Lothian, in that statement, spoke with some respect for the Congress? Can he persuade Sir Samuel Hoare, that the renewal of the Ordinances will be an unrelieved tragedy or does Sir Samuel want to go down in history as a Secretary whose only conception of statesmanship was repression?

"REFLECTION ON OUR HONOUR"

Mr. Wilfred Wellock in "The India Review" says the situation has become such that no self-respecting person can longer remain silent. The nauseating persecutions now in operation are not only revolting but are reflecting upon Britain's national honour. He proceeds.

"Our duty is clearly to confess our own failure and ask India to take charge and see whether she cannot succeed where we have failed.

"Mr. Gandhi has led India into an alternative path to that of war in resisting what she believed to be an evil. Who dare say he or other Indian leaders could not discover better methods of social and economic organisation than we have adopted and are trying to force upon India?

OXFORD UNION'S CONDEMNATION

After an animated debate the Oxford Union passed a resolution condemning the present repressive policy of the Indian Government by 110 to 48.—"Hindu" Special Cable

FRANCHISE COMMITTEE SECRETARIAT

SIMLA, May 17.

Though the Franchise Committee has dispersed its secretariat has not been dissolved. Indeed it has before it work for two or three months and there are anticipations that even after the present volume of secretariat work is over a nucleus staff will be kept to enable further investigations to be carried on as a result of the decisions of the Lothian Report.

It is held in some quarters that a smaller body than the full Franchise Committee may be commissioned to do the detailed work that remains to give final shape to the franchise proposals.—A.P.

COMMUNAL AWARD

Warning Against Delay

LONDON, May 18.

The "News Chronicle" writes that the long drawnout and abortive Hindu-Moslem negotiations regarding their respective representation in the future Government of India have exasperated the agelong feud and Mr. MacDonald's pledge that if the Hindus and Moslems are unable to agree, his Government would settle the matter, must be honoured without delay.

Though no blame rightly attaches to the British or the Indian Governments for holding their hand, it would be disastrous if the opinion were allowed to gain ground in India that Government intended to postpone action indefinitely.

The "Daily Mail" observes that until "Hindus and Moslems compose their differences, democracy is quite impossible in India. It would be wisdom on the part of the British Government to recognise the obvious before further damage is done.—Reuter.

POIGNANT SCENES ON FLOATING INFERNO

Chief Justice's Plucky Act Saves His Wife

SURVIVORS' TALES OF LINER DISASTER

ADEN, May 17.

Stories of the survivors of the "Georges Phillippar", show that the flames had got a firm hold before the discovery of the outbreak. All chemical extinguishers and hoses were inadequate and the paint on the polished wood and ornaments on the superstructure burnt greedily.

The flames spread so rapidly that the wireless room was put out of action before an S.O.S., could be sent out.

Those picked up by the liners steamers "contractor" ani "Masud" and a Russian vessel in the vicinity which saw the blazing liner.

The confusion and panic on the burning vessel were indescribable as the passengers were roused from their sleep and told to make their way forward. The vessel's head was kept windward, and the smoke as well as sparks from the flames invaded the afterpart of the vessel.

A number of lifeboats were soon destroyed. It was impossible for the passengers to take up their boatdrill positions; consequently husbands were separated from wives and children from parents.

Rafts and lifebelts, however, were plentiful and enabled the survivors to be ferried over to the rescuing ships or to be picked up from the calm but shark-infested water.—

POIGNANT SCENE.

The British steamer "Mahsud", with 125 survivors, including 15 children, 39 adult passengers and 51 Chinese crew, arrived here three hours after the "Contractor".

There were poignant scenes on the pier as the survivors from "Mahsud" found that relatives whom they had thought lost, had reached safety before them. For example, a mother was almost delirious with joy to find her two daughters safe.

M. Louis Alfred, Chief Justice of Indo-China, and his wife had remarkable escapes. Trapped by the flames in their cabin, M. Alfred fought out his way to the deck, lowered an overcoat through a port hole and pulled up his wife. Their daughter and son-in-law are missing. There are the only two serious cases in hospital. Seven others are not serious.

FEAT OF SEAMANSHIP

ADEN, May 17.

A noteworthy feat of seamanship was performed by the French steamer "Andre Lebon", which made a hurried departure from Aden at midnight and intercepting the Russian steamer Soviets Kaineft, succeeded in transhipping in mid-ocean all the 420 survivors on board the latter vessel.

The "Andre Lebon" is now proceeding at full speed to Djibouti in order to relieve the congestion which is otherwise expected here.—Reuter.

BRITISH LIABILITY

LONDON, May 17.

British insurance liability in the event of the probable total loss of the "Georges Phillippar" is likely to be about £500,000. The liner is insured for the total of £1,050,000 of which a half is placed with British companies. About sixty per cent of the British portion is under-written at Lloyd's.—Reuter.

"BLOWN UP" ON HIGH SEAS

Anarchists' Arson Suspected

PARIS, May 17.

The alarming rumour has gained currency in some quarters here to-day that the loss of the "Georges Phillippar" by fire off Aden was due to sabotage by criminals belonging to a political group. This theory, however, is regarded in responsible quarters, as not at present justified by the facts, nor is much credit attached to the rumour that anarchist circles here had discussed a plot to blow up the vessel in the Suez Canal on the pretext that she is carrying munitions for Japan.

The Paris police admit, however, that before sailing the ill-fated liner had been thoroughly searched for suspicious persons.

The owners of the liner are still without the list of passengers, but the crew numbered 347, made up of 26 officers 35 deckhands, 21 engine room-men, 79 stewards, 2 in commissariate department and 184 Chinese.—Reuter.

JAPAN'S MYSTERY MURDER CULT

War On Material Civilisation—Magnetic Priest As Leader

TOKY[illegible]

It is becoming increasingly plain that the m[illegible] tors of the recent outrages are civilians of the extr[illegible]" type, imbued with genuine disgust at the materia[illegible] of modern civilisation which tends to make pursuit of p[illegible]re, wealth and self-interest the principal aim of life.

Hence their enmity towards politicians and others who are alleged to subordinate the interests of the people of the country to their own with the result that there is widespread corruption and scandals prevail in political life.

Following a rigorous cross-examination, Nissho, the mysterious priest who was arrested on March 11 as one of the prime instigators of the murders of Inouye and Takumadane, is reported to have admitted to the police that all the seventeen assailants who surrendered on Sunday were connected with the "Blood Brotherhood."

Nissho, who appears to be a sincere but a misguided ultra-patriotic fanatic, is reputed to possess a remarkable magnetic personality.

DUBLIN SWEEP DRAW POSTPONED

LONDON, May 17.

Owing to the avalanche of counterfoils and money which poured into Dublin just before the Hospitals Trust Derby Sweep closed, the beginning of the draw has been postponed from May 27 to May 30, to enable completion of the preliminaries.

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